Pyramid Around the World

Target Language: Arabic	Grade Level: 2 and 3

Proficiency Level: Junior Novice Low – Junior Novice Mid

Context and Storyline:

Dave, a former student, has sent an email telling the teacher that their lessons on pyramids in Grade 3 have motivated him to explore them when he grew up. Now he is traveling around the world to visit pyramids. He has sent a picture of a pyramid to the teacher to show his appreciation. He invites the class to follow him in exploring different pyramids in the world and their influence on history, math, and today's life. Through communicating with Dave, they will see how ancient people's lifestyles and cultures are reflected in pyramids. They will also comprehend how pyramids are connected to math and how the pyramid concept can help us understand other relationships.

Enduring Understanding:

At the end of this module, students will understand:

- Ancient pyramids reflect both function and culture
- Mathematics can help us create and understand pyramids
- Pyramids have modern uses and functions

Essential Questions:

What can we learn from ancient pyramids? What makes a pyramid shape special? How do people use pyramids today?

Module Duration and Lessons:

Depending on the length and frequency of classes per week, we suggest the five lessons in this module could be taught during the period of three to five weeks. On the average, each lesson may be taught over a week, with 30 minutes classes three to five times per week.

Lesson 1 – What is a pyramid? ، ما هو الهرم؟ (Engagement stage for introduction)

Lesson 2 – Pyramids in different countries. الأهر امات في دول مختلفة. (Exploration stage for main events and practice)

Lesson 3 – Treasures Inside! الثروات في الداخل! (Explanation stage for main events and practice)

Lesson 4 – Constructing our own pyramids. بناء أهر اماتنا الخاصة بنا (Elaboration stage for summary and review)

Lesson 5 – *Performance Assessment Task.* أعمال تقييم الأداء (Evaluation stage for assessing student learning outcomes)

Standards Targeted		
5C – World Language Standards	5E – STEM Standards	
 Communication Ask and answer simple questions related to pyramids (1.1A) Exchange personal preferences and opinions about treasures (1.1B) Interpret basic oral or written information about pyramids (1.2A) Present information about pyramids (1.2A) Present information about pyramids (1.3.A) Cultures Identify and name some famous pyramids in Egypt, Mexico, and other countries. (2.1.A) Talk about why pyramids were built. (2.1A) Identify the use of the pyramid shape in our daily life. Connections Use math-related vocabulary and expressions to talk about pyramids (3.1.A) Comparisons Identify similarities and differences among pyramids from different cultures. (4.2) Communities Share information or enjoy one's own treasure. (5.1) Present and introduce the pyramids constructed.(5.2) 	Technology 1.D.1 Construct a pyramid Mathematics G3.Geometric measurement 8. Solve real world and mathematical problems involving perimeters of polygons. Social Studies Grade 3 Standard 3.0 Geography Students will use geographic concepts and processes to understand location and its relationship to human activities. 1. Identify natural/physical and human made features of places and regions.	

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Knowledge: Students will know	Skills: Students can
 Vocabulary (both linguistic and content areas) What is a pyramid? / What math can you find in a pyramid? <i>Email</i> (السلة إلكترونية الكترونية (المرونية الكترونية) <i>read</i> (المرونية) <i>receive from</i> <i>receive from</i> <i>fact</i> (الرسل إلى <i>o</i>) <i>picture</i> <i>pyramid</i> <i>apex</i> <i>face</i> <i>base</i> <i>base</i> <i>base</i> <i>base</i> <i>apide</i> <i>square</i> <i>acifas gauare</i> <i>polygon</i> <i>time</i> <i>acifas foldational foldational action of the second of</i>	 (Can do statement) Oral Language: <i>I can</i> أستطيع identify and label parts of a pyramid. show and name where pyramids are found. tell why pyramids were built. Identify and label geometric shapes around me (pyramids, triangles, squares). name and explain what my treasures are. tell others what I can find inside a pyramid Literacy: <i>I can</i> أستطيع read and understand pictures and stories that we have learned about pyramids. read and write simple comparisons among different pyramids. write about a pyramid using vocabulary and expressions that I have learned to.
 travel السفر the the the the fill of the fil	 STEM and Other Subject Areas (Including Cultures): <i>I can</i> أستطيع describe the shape of a pyramid. talk about math concepts in a pyramid show the location of some pyramids using Google Earth. ask and answer questions about a pyramid. name some cultural objects in a pyramid and tell what they were used for. tell how pyramids are the same or different from one another. create a 3D pyramid

Treasure ثروة

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 Hide بخبيء 	
o Inside داخل	
جدارية mural	
مجو هر ات Jewelry =	
■ gold الذهب	
القيمة value	
What does a pyramid look like:	
ارتفاع/مرتفع/طويل/قصير height/high/tall/short •	
 big/small کبیر / صغیر 	
 pretty/beautiful جميل 	
 precious 	
 important مُهم 	
Tools for making pyramid	
 Stone الحجر 	
 Dirt 	
Content compatible language :	
 have – eg. It has three faces. 	
• I can	
• is treasure.	
 many years ago. 	
Build/was built	
It's amazing/huge/tall	
• I went(traveled)	
Look/see	
They both have	
• because	
 is made of 	
•taller/shorter/smaller than	
• the morethe more	
 top/bottom 	

Performance Assessment

Interpretive Task: Find the Picture to match Dave's Email about Another Pyramid

Dave sends another email about a pyramid that he visited in different country, but he forgot to attach a picture. Teacher found some pictures of pyramids. Which one matches the description that Dave sent?

Interpersonal Task: Which Pyramid did You Make and What Treasures are Inside?

Once the pyramids are unveiled, students use their notes to identify which pyramid is built by a certain group of students. They will keep the worksheet on which they record their guesses about the pyramid and which group constructed each of them.

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This worksheet will be use to tally their accuracy of the guesses during the next task.

Presentational Task: This is our Pyramid!

Students will make an oral presentation about the pyramid that their group has built and the treasures inside. The class will compare how many pyramids have been identified correctly from the interviews above.

Presentational Task: An Email to Dave about My Experiences

Students write emails to Dave about their experiences while learning about pyramids.

Materials/Resources

Materials/Resources

- World map or globe, preferably in blue and green.
- Worksheets, resources, and PowerPoint as specified in each lesson
- Materials for building 3D pyramids as specified in Lesson 4.
- Equipment for recording students' performance assessment tasks
- **Power Point**: Pyramid

Lesson one:

- Pyramid: Ppt. ss. 1-16
- Worksheet 1a Dave's email to the teacher (1)
- Worksheet 1b Templates for pyramid # 1, #2
- Worksheet 1c Telling about my Pyramid
- Worksheet 1d Students write email to Dave (2)

Lesson two:

- Google earth (teacher will need to download from this site: <u>http://www.google.com/earth/index.html</u>)
- Pyramid: Ppt. ss. 17-26
- Worksheet 2a Dave's email from Egypt (3)
- Worksheet 2b Pyramid Chant: Egypt and Mexico
- Worksheet 2c Dave's email from Mexico (4)
- Worksheet 2d Venn Diagram
- Worksheet 2e Pyramid heights
- Worksheet 2f Comparing Pyramids
- Worksheet 2g Students write another email to Dave (5)

Lesson three:

- Pyramid: Ppt. ss. 27-35
- Worksheet 3a Email from Dave, thanks for students' email and comments on their pyramids (6)
- Worksheet 3b Email from Dave, I went to a museum (7)
- Worksheet 3c A mural in a Pyramid
- Worksheet 3d King Tut's and My Teasures'
- Worksheet 3e My Treasures

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Lesson four:

- Pyramid: Ppt. ss. 36 41
- Worksheet 4a What have we learned?
- Worksheet 4b Describing our Pyramid
- Worksheet 4c Our Pyramid

Lesson Five:

- Pyramid: Ppt. ss. 42-43
- Worksheet 5a- Email from Dave, Where was I? (8)
- Worksheet 5b Which Picture shows the pyramids of Tikal?
- Worksheet 5c Interview
- Worksheet 5d Rubric for Oral Performance Task
- Worksheet 5e An Email to Dave (9)

STEM Background for teachers: (identified and provided by a STEM teacher/resource person) Mathematical Information:

In geometry, a pyramid is a polyhedron with a single base that is a polygon and with faces that are triangles. It is a solid, 3D shape. The base of a pyramid can be any polygon. The face of a pyramid is the flat surface that connects the apex and the base. The apex is the point of the pyramid where all the triangular faces meet. The height of the pyramid is a segment that goes from the vertex to the base, forming a right angle with the base. An edge of the pyramid is a segment where a face meets the base or another face while a vertex is a point where two triangular faces meet the base. The slant height of a pyramid is the height of a triangular face.

A tetrahedron is a pyramid with a triangular base. It has three faces. A square pyramid has an apex directly above the center of its base so the altitude meets the base at the center. It has four faces. A rectangular pyramid has a rectangular base and four faces. A hexagonal pyramid has a hexagon for its base and six faces. An octagonal pyramid has an octagon for its base and eight faces.

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Lesson 1-What is a Pyramid?

ما هو الهرم؟

Lesson 1 of 5 - What is	ما هو الهرم؟ s a Pyramid?	Duration: 30 Minutes
Objectives الأهداف	 I Can: أستطيع Oral language: Identify and name the apex Identify and name the apex Literacy: Label القمة face Jabel القمة face STEM and Other Subject Areas: Use math words such القمة to talk about a pyramin 	الهرم ضلع ,الرا. الرأس ,شكل القاعد
Vocabulary and Expressions المفردات والتعابير	Previously learned: Fold يطوي flap يطوي, الجزء المطوي, bigger يطوي, bigger كبير أكبر bigger كبير bigger كبير Content obligatory language: Pyramid مله م per القمة, face عنز Pyramid مله م per مثلث a per مصر Shape لي مثلث triangle مثلث square محمد It has three faces. محمد It has It is a square. ممتطيل مستطيل Content compatible language : شكراً ، يحب tapes مقص glue	ase الضلع, edge القاعدة, مستطيل, rectangle مستطيل three edges. له ثلاثة أضلاع هو It is a rectangle. هو مثلث
Materials/ Resources مواد مستعملة/ موارد	 Pyramid: Ppt. ss. 1-16 Worksheet 1a – Dave's email to the tead Worksheet 1b - Templates for pyramids Worksheet 1c – Telling about my Pyram Worksheet 1d – Students write email to 	# 1, #2 id

Lesson Storyline and Core Text الدرس والقصة والنص الرئيسيّ	Lesson Storyline: The teacher shows a picture of Dave, Ppt ss.2-4 , a former student –Standing in front of a pyramid in Egypt, Dave thought of the teacher who motivated him to explore the world's pyramids, so he emailed his teacher to thank her. The class gets interested in pyramids too and decides to explore virtually with Dave in his journey. The first thing the class needs to do is to learn what a pyramid is.
	Core Text: (Worksheet 1c) هذه صورة و هذه رسالة الكترونية . Dave was in my third grade class كان "داف"طالبي في الصف الثالث Dave sent it to me. "داف" أرسلها لي اين مو؟ ? Can you tell where he is هل تستطيع أن تقول لي اين هو؟ ? Mhat is behind him هو هرم . Here we have more pictures هذا عندنا صور اخرى .
	Dear Mr. /Mrs I am Dave أنا "داف". Dear Mr. /Mrs I am Dave أنا "داف". I was in your third grade class. أنا كنت طالبك في الصف الثالث. Now here I am, in Egypt! الآن أنا هنا في مصر !I am standing in front of a pyramid. It is huge أنا واقف أمام هرم. هو !I am standing in front of a pyramid. It is huge ضخم! ضخم! مال لك هذه الصورة لأشكرك. I am sending you this picture to thank you. ضخم! استمر بزيارة أهر امات أخرى. I am sending to ther pyramids. المالي مالي المالي ال
	أستطيع أن أرسل لك صور أخرى عندما أزور أهرامات أخرى. A pyramid has a single base. قاعدة واحدة Its base is a polygon قاعدته شكلها مضلع The base of a pyramid can be a triangle, square, or a rectangle. تستطيع أن تكون قاعدة الهرم مثلثة أو مربعة أو مستطيلة. This is the apex of a pyramid, let's make a pyramid. هذه قمة الهرم. هيًا نعمل هرم. We will learn what are apex, edge, face, vertex and base. سنتعلم ما هي القمة،الوجه، الرأس والقاعدة.

Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures What is a Pyramid ? ما أهميتهWhat is special about
Engagement المشاركة	An email from Dave
• Object, event or	Teacher brings students a picture of a pyramid in Egypt that a former

Key Elements	P ما هو الهرم ؟ Lesson 1 Procedures What is a Pyramid
	ما أهميتهWhat is special about
Key Elements question used to engage students قينان الطلاب عن طريق - connections facilitated between what students know and can do الإتصالات التي تربط ما يعرفه الطلاب بما يستطيعون أن يفعلوه	What is special about مما أهميته and أهميته student, Dave, had emailed him/her. T: (Showing picture of Dave in Pyramid ppt s.2) Hi, everyone! Look what I have! This is a picture and an email that I received yesterday. Dave was in my third grade class, just like you are now. Dave sent it to me. ave: This is a picture and an email that I received yesterday. Dave was in my third grade class, just like you are now. Dave sent it to me. ave: This is a picture and an email that I received yesterday. Dave was in my third grade class, just like you are now. Dave sent it to me. ave: This is a picture and an email that I received yesterday. Dave was in my third grade class, just like you are now. Dave sent it to me. ave: This is a picture and an email that I received yesterday. Dave was in my third grade class, just like you are now. Dave sent it to me. T: (Pyramid: Ppt ss.3-4) Can you tell where he was? He was in Egypt. What is behind him? Is that a pyramid or a house? Yes, it is a pyramid. Here are some more pictures. ?::?: Example: This e
	How are you? Do you remember me? I am Dave. I was in
	Your student,
	Dave
	كيف حالك؟ هل تتذكرني؟ أنا "داف" وكنت طالبك في الصف الثالث عندما تعلمنا عن الأهرامات في العالم وأستمتعنا بذلك كثيراً. لقد قلت لك أنني أريد أن

Key Elements	esson 1 Procedures What is a Pyramid ? ما هو الهرم?
	ما أهميتهWhat is special about
	أزور هذه الأهرامات عندما أكبر. والآن أنا في مصر وأقف أمام أهرام. هو ضخم! أرسل لك هذه الصورة لأشكرك سأستمر بزيارة أهرامات أخرى وإذا أردت فسأستطيع أن أرسل لك صور أخرى عندما أزورها. طالبك "داف"
	Distribute Dave's email to the class and allow students time to read in pairs or in small group.
	Teacher asks the students questions to check their comprehension.
	T: Now, Class, do you want to receive more emails and pictures from Dave?
	الآن يا طلاب الصف، هل تريدون أن يصلكم رسائل إلكترونية أخرى من "داف"؟ The class responds.
	T: Okay, our class can write to Dave and ask him to write to us about his journey and send us more pictures.
	نستطيع أن نكتب لداف ونطلب منه أن يرسل لنا مزيداً من الصور.
	T: Before we write to him let's learn something about pyramids.
	قبل أن نكتب له، هيّا نتعلم بعض الأشياء عن الاهر امات. Students respond.
Exploration الإستكشاف Objects and phenomena are explored. الأجسام والظو اهر Hands-on activities, with guidance. الشاطات العملية مع التوجيه	 What is a pyramid? Teacher shows the students pictures of pyramid and non-pyramid, Ppt ss. 5- 7, and asks them to identify a pyramid. While explaining what a pyramid is, refer to a non-pyramid to test each criterion.
	T: (Lead students to find the differences between pyramids and non- pyramids. For example – Compare a pyramid with a roof that has a triangle shape. Have students repeat.) <i>Is this a pyramid or not a pyramid?</i> أم لا
	هذا صحيح، هذا هرم لأن له شكل Cr whatever element you wish to point out). <i>Right, this is not a</i>)ذو ثلاثة أبعاد هذا صحيح، هذا ليس هرم لأن
	قاعدته . Its base is a polygon الهرم له قاعدة واحدةT: A pyramid has a single base واحدةمناعة
	T: See, triangle, square, and rectangle are all examples of a polygon.
	Ppt ss. 8-13 shows examples of these) المثلث والمربع والمستطيل كلها أمثلة لمضلعات

Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures What is a Pyramid ? ما أهميته What is special about
	shapes and guides students to identify and practice.) T: The base of a pyramid can be a triangle, square, or a rectangle. قاعدة الهرم ممكن أن تكون مثلثة أو مربعة أو مستطيلة. T: (Ppt ss.14-15) This is the apex of a pyramid. This is the face of a pyramid. The face of a pyramid is the surface that connects the apex and the base. A set is the stape of a pyramid's face? (Show different pyramids for students to observe.) Students respond. T: The faces of a pyramid are triangles. T: The faces of a pyramid are triangles. T: The faces of a pyramid are triangles. T: This is an edge. هذا صلح. Every pyramid has several edges. Students respond. T: This is a vertex. Students is a
	Do a quick review of each part of a pyramid for closure.
 Explanation التفسير. Students explain their understanding of concepts and processes. موطريقة العمل يشرح الطلاب المفهوم وطريقة العمل skills are introduced as conceptual clarity and cohesion are sought. تقديم مفاهيم ومهارات ولمفاهيم ومهارات المفاهيم المفاهيم 	Let's make a pyramid T: You are going to make your own pyramids today, but first, let's learn to write some math words about a pyramid. بتعلم اليوم ولكن أو لأ هيًا نتعلم Mitte some math words about a pyramid. بعض الكلمات الحسابية التي تختصُ بالهرم بالهرم اليوم ولكن أو لأ هيًا نتعلم Model how to write: pyramid have base flags of the source of

Key Elements	? ما هو الهرم ؟ Lesson 1 Procedures What is a Pyramid
	ما أهميتهWhat is special about
	ممتاز ! لنقص الأشكال بالمقص بحذر جداً. (Demonstrate and walk around to help, as needed.) <i>Next, fold up the flaps next to the triangles.</i> (Demonstrate and monitor.) <i>Now fold each triangle up from the base.</i> (Demonstrate and monitor.) <i>Now tape/glue your pyramid together.</i> الآن الصق أجزاء الهرم ببعض. <i>Now tape/glue your pyramid together.</i> <i>You can glue the flaps on the inside or the outside of your pyramid, whichever you want.</i> (Demonstrate and monitor.) When finished, ask the students to show and say the parts of their pyramids, as a group and individually: T: <i>Show me your base. أرني القاعدة Sis (Show the base) This is the base.</i> Now table is a Square/Triangle and individually of the base is a Square/Triangle and the base. (Sist The base is a Square/Triangle and the base) of the pattern they have chosen)
	T: Show me the faces. الرني الوجوه Ss: (pointing) Here are the Faces. کم وجه هناك لکل هرم؟ Ss: It has Three/Four faces of gee وجوه. (depending on the pattern they have chosen) T: How many edges does your pyramid have? Ss: It has six/eight edges. کم ضلع لهرمك؟ Ss: It has six/eight edges. له ستة/ثمانية أضلاع. Ss: It has six/eight edges. کم رأساً لهرمك؟ Ss: It has five/six vertices does your pyramid have? Ss: It has five/six vertices. (depending on the pattern they have chosen) T: How many vertices. (depending on the pattern they have chosen)
	Teacher models how to write a description about a pyramid by following the sentences on Ppt s.16. Students follow orally with the teacher.
	Students work on Worksheet 1c (Telling about my Pyramid) to describe the pyramids they have made. Teacher collects Worksheet 1c for assessment.
Elaboration	Sing the pyramid song
• Activities allow students to apply concepts in contexts, and build	T: Now we will learn a pyramid song!الآن سنتعلم أغنية عن الهرم! (Teacher models entire song for students to the tune of "Old McDonald Had a Farm. Next, teacher sings line by line as students repeat the lines. Finally, students sing

Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures What is a Pyramid ? ما أهميتهWhat is special about
Key Elements On or extend understanding and skill.	What is special about المسيّة المسيّة Special about entire song together.) For the triangle-based: I have made a pyramid, it has a triangle base. attas a face here, a face there class attas attas a triangle base. It has a face here, a face there class attas attas attas a triangle base. It have made a pyramid with an apex on the top. one, two, three faces operating attas atta
	ر أس هنا ور أس هناك One, two, three vertices,

Key Elements	? ما هو الهرم ؟ Lesson 1 Procedures What is a Pyramid
	ما أهميتهWhat is special about
	للهرم ذو القاعدة المربعة :For the square-based
	I have made a pyramid, it has square base. لقد صنعت هر ماً له قاعدة مربعة It has a face here, a face there, فاله وجه هنا ووجه هناك One, two, three, four faces واحد، إثنان، ثلاثة، أربعة وجوه I have made a pyramid with an apex on the top. لا المعقد في أعلام I have made a pyramid, it has a square base. قد صنعت هر ماً له قاعدة مربعة I has a vertex here, a vertex there, فا درأس هنا ورأس هناك One, two, three, four vertices, واحد، إثنان، ثلاثة، أربعة رؤوس
	A face here, a face there, وجه هنا ووجه هناك One, two, three, four faces واحد، إثنان، ثلاثة، أربعة رؤوس I have made a pyramid with an apex on the top. لقد صنعت هرماً له قمة في أعلاه
	 I have made a pyramid, it has a square base. لقد صنعت هرماً له قاعدة مربعة It has an edge here, an edge there, له ضلع هنا وضلع هناك One, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight; مانية، سبعة، شمانية، شانية، شان بنائة، أربعة، شمانية، A vertex here, a vertex there, ماس هنا ورأس هناك One, two, three, four vertices, مواحد، إثنان، ثلاثة، أربعة رؤوس A face here, a face there, مانية، أربعة رؤوس One, two, three, four faces وحده هنا ووجه هناك One, two, three, four faces واحد، إثنان، ثلاثة، أربعة وجوه I have made a pyramid with an apex on the top. مأ على المانية

Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures What is a Pyramid ? ما أهميتهWhat is special about
Evaluation • Students assess their knowledge, skills and abilities. Activities permit evaluation of student development and	 Students may practice by shape. The class can join in chorus. Literacy practice: Remind students today they can write an email to Dave, Worksheet 1d. Use Language Experience Approach (LEA) to work with students in writing an email. In the email, students will introduce themselves (greeting, introduction), and tell Dave that they are in Mr. /Mrs. X's third grade class. Tell Dave that they would like to learn more about Pyramids. Ask Dave to send more emails and pictures to the class. Note: The Language Experience Approach (LEA) is an approach to reading instruction based on activities and stories developed from personal experiences of the learner. The stories about personal experiences are guided by the teacher and created by students, then written down by the teacher and read together until the learner associates the written form of the word with the spoken. Assessment: Presentational: In pairs or small groups, students sing the pyramid song. Students use Worksheet 1c to describe a pyramid in writing.
lesson effectiveness.	emails to Dave as part of assessment. Collect all the papers when finished.

1	ما هو الهرم ؟ ? Feacher Reflection Lesson 1- What is a Pyramid
What worked well?	
What did not work well?	
What would I do differently?	
Other comments or notes	

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Lesson 2 – Pyramids in different countries الأهر امات من دول مختلفة

Lesson 2 of $5 - P_{2}$	Duration: 30 Minutes الأهر امات من دول مختلفة Duration: 30 Minutes
Objectives	 I can: أستطيع Oral language: Describe the pyramids in Egypt and in Mexico. Tell how the Pyramid of the Sun is similar to and different from the pyramids in Egypt. Literacy: Read and write short labels or short text related to pyramids. Read or write about how certain pyramids are the same as or different from each other.
	 STEM and Other Subject Areas: Show the location of some pyramids using Google Earth.
Vocabulary and Expressions	Content obligatory vocabulary Mexico, Egypt, honor, ruler, pharaoh المكسيك، مصر، شرف، حاكم، فر عون Height, Tall (high), short يتصير Travel, Tall (high), short الإرتفاع، طويل(عالي)، قصير Travel, sun, moon السفر، الشمس، القمر Vote Content compatible vocabulary I went to see خدبت لأرى Liboth have سلام المحسيف Comparative and/or superlative expressions: X is taller/shorter than Y; X the tallest/shortest
Materials/ Resources	 Map or Globe Google earth (teacher will need to download from this site): <u>http://www.google.com/earth/index.html</u>) Pyramid: Ppt. ss. 17-26 Worksheet 2a – Dave's email from Egypt (3) Worksheet 2b – Pyramid Chant: Egypt and Mexico Worksheet 2c – Dave's email from Mexico (4) Worksheet 2d – Venn Diagram Worksheet 2e – Pyramid heights Worksheet 2f – Comparing Pyramids Worksheet 2g – Students write another email to Dave (5)

Lesson Storyline and Core Text	Lesson Storyline Students hear from Dave again. He is now at Giza, Egypt. He describes the Pyramid of Khufu and sends a picture of the pyramid. His next stop will be in Mexico, where he will visit the Pyramid of the Sun. In addition to learning some cultural information about these pyramids, students compare them.
	Core Text: <i>I am glad that you decided to travel with me.</i> أنا سعيد لأنك قررت أن تسافر معي. <i>It was built more than four thousand years ago.</i>
	بُني منذ أكثر من أربعة الآف سنة. This is a picture and an email that I received yesterday.
	هذه صورة وهذه رسالة إلكترونية إستلمتها أمس. What have I found out about the pyramid in Egypt?
	ماذا تعلمت عن الأهرامات في مصر؟ I went to see a pyramid that honors a king/pharaoh.
	ذهبت لأرى هرماً يكرّم ملك/فر عون.
	I went to see two pyramids in Mexico.
	ذهبت لأرى هرمين في المكسيك. The pyramid that honors the sun,
	الهرم الذي يكرّم الشمس. The pyramid that honors the moon.
	الهرم الذي يكرّم القمر . These pyramids also honor the king.
	هذه الأهرامات تكرّم الملك ايضاً. I found two pyramids that honor the sun, the moon, and the king!
	What kind of base does it have? ما نوع قاعدة الهرم؟ How many faces does it have? كم وجه له؟ How many edges does it have?
	كم ضلعاً له؟ What is this pyramid called? ما إسم الهرم؟ Where is it? Can you find Mexico?
	أين هو؟ هل تستطيع أن تجد المكسيك؟

Key Elements	Lesson 2 Procedures – Pyramids in different countries
Engagement • Connections facilitated between what students know and can do	Sing the Pyramid song Students hold their pyramids and sing the Pyramid song together. Lead a review of the structure of a pyramid.
Exploration	Another email from Dave
 Objects and phenomena are explored. Hands-on activities, with 	T: (Show students another email and pictures sent by Dave) Look what I have.داف أرسل رسالة Dave sent another email and a picture. النظر إلى ما معي Worksheet 2a – Dave's email from Egypt (3).
guidance.	لنقرأ رسالته وننظر إلى الصورة .T: Let's read his email and look at the picture
	Egypt: Pyramid of Khufu (with a square base)
	من: داف From: Dave الموضوع: هرم خوفو في مصر Subject: Pyramid of Khufu, Egypt
	مرحبا يا طلاب الصف.Hello, Class
	I am so glad that you decided to travel with me to see pyramids around the world.
	أنا سعيد لأنكم قررتم أن ترافقوني في رحلة لنرى اهر امات حول العالم.
	Now I am at Giza/Cairo in Egypt. The picture is of the Great Pyramid. It is one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World. It has a square base. It is the tallest pyramid in the world. It was built more than four thousand years ago to honor Pharaoh Khufu.

Key Elements	Lesson 2 Procedures- Pyramids in different countries
	الآن أنا في الجيزة في القاهرة في مصر . هذه صورة الهرم الأكبر وكان واحداً من عجائب الدنيا السبع وله قاعدة مربعة. هو أطول هرم في العالم وبُني منذ أكثر من أربعة الآف سنة لنكريم الفر عون خوفو.
	I hope you like the picture I sent you.
	أرجو أن تحبوا الصورة التي ارسلتها لكم.
	I am going to Mexico next. I hear there are many pyramids there! I can't wait to find out.
	سأذهب إلى المكسيك فيما بعد. لقد سمعت عن وجود أهرامات كثيرة هناك وأنا متشوق لأرآها
	Your friend,
	صديقكم
	Dave
	داف
	understand the email. T: It's fine if you don't understand everything. Now, let's find out more about what he wrote in his email. الآن لنعرف المزيد عما كتب في رسالته الإلكترونية
	Note to teacher: Read the email again; break it down into smaller chunks. Ask comprehension questions and make sure students understand the content of the email. For example: T: Where was Dave? أين كان داف؟ (Egypt, Giza or Caro, Pyramid) T: What is the name of the pyramid? ما إسم الهرم؟ T: Can you tell me something special about this pyramid? هل تستطيع أن تقول لي شيئاً عن هذا الهرم؟ (Square-based; for Pharaoh Khufu; more than 4000 years ago; the tallest pyramid in the world). T: Where will Dave go next? What will he see there? إلى أين سيذهب داف بعد ذلك؟ وماذا سيرى؟ Students respond.
	Show students video of Egyptian pyramids if time allows. http://bit.ly/TKcTLT

Key Elements	Lesson 2 Procedures- Pyramids in different countries
	I went to see a pyramid in Holding up both hands to make Egypt, in Egypt. a pyramid shape. أرفعوا ايديكم على شكل هرم؟ مصر، في مصر، في
	I went to see a pyramid that honors a king.Put both hands over the head, making it the shape of a crown for a pharaoh.فوق رأسك .ذهبت لأرى هرم يكرّم ملك.
	And what did I find? What did I find?Put one hand over the eyes as if looking for something, turning left and right.عنع يدك على عينك. اليسار كأنك تبحث عن شيء والتفت من اليساروماذا وجدت؟ ماذا وجدت؟
	I <u>found</u> a <u>pyramid</u> that Holding up both hands to make honors <u>Pharaoh Khufu!</u> a pyramid shape.
	ار فعوا ايديكم على شكل هرم. <u>وجدت</u> هرم يكرّم <u>الفرعون خوفو</u> .
	Divide students into pairs or small groups to practice the chant. Ask volunteer pairs or groups to perform. Before students leave, lead students in singing the pyramid song.
Explanation • Students explain their understanding of concepts and processes. • New concepts and skills are introduced as conceptual	Dave's Journey in Mexico Note: Not much is known about the people who inhabited the central Mexican city of Teotihuacan in the first few centuries A.D., but they clearly had architectural skills. Their well-planned city covered more than seven square miles and included several pyramids, the most impressive of which is the Pyramid of the Sun. The sides of its square base are about 730 feet wide, and its five stepped layers once rose to a height of over 200 feet. It is situated beside the city's central road, the Avenue of the Dead, which runs south from the Pyramid of the Moon to a large temple complex.
clarity and cohesion are sought.	Read more: <u>http://bit.ly/11IBZEk</u> and <u>http://www.sacred-destinations.com/mexico/teotihuacan</u> <u>http://www.history.com/topics/pyramids-in-latin-america</u> <u>http://bit.ly/YB4Kya</u>

Key Elements	Lesson 2 Procedures- Pyramids in different countries
	Lead students in the Pyramid song and the Pyramid Chant. Ask students where Dave was when he sent his last email and picture. Ask questions about the pyramid in Egypt.
	Show students another envelope with email, Worksheet 2c - Dave's email from Mexico, and picture. Ask students if they can predict what the envelope has. Ask them where Dave might be now.
	Use a world map, locate Mexico.
	T: Read Dave's email (3), Worksheet 2c, show pictures to students, Ppt ss. 22- 26.
	أعزائي طلاب الصف ,Dear Class
	Did you like the Pyramid of Khufu? Wasn't it grand? Guess where I am now.
	هل أحببتم هرم خوفو؟ ألم يكن رائع؟ خمّنوا أين أنا الآن؟
	Now I am in Mexico. In Mexico, there are several famous pyramids. These are pictures of two famous ones in Teotihuacan. One is the Pyramid of the Sun, and the other is the Pyramid of the Moon. They are very old. Their bases are square and very big.
	الأن أنا في المكسيك. في المكسيك هناك عدة أهرامات مشهورة. وهذه الصور لإثنين منها في تيوتيواكان. الصورة الأولى هي أهرام الشمس والثانية أهرام القمر وهما قديمين جداً وقاعدتهما مربعة وكبيرة جداً.
	I hope you like the pictures I sent you.
	أرجو أن تحبوا الصور التي أرسلتها لكم.
	Your friend,
	صديقكم،
	Dave
	داف
	Distribute Dave's email to the class and allow students time to read in pairs or in small groups. Repeat the process from yesterday for teaching the pyramid in Egypt. Sample questions may include the following:
	T: What kind of base does it have? ؟ما نوع القاعدة؟ کم وجه له؟ ?T: How many faces does it have کم ضلعاً له؟?T: How many edges does it have

Key Elements	Lesson 2 Procedures – Pyramids in different countries	
	T: What is this pyramid called? ؟ما إسم الهرم؟ T: Where is it? Can you find Mexico? أين هو ؟ هل تستطيع أن تجد المكسيك؟ Have students sing the Pyramid Chant to apply what they have learned about the pyramids. Pyramid Chant, Worksheet 2b, Part II	
	I went to see some pyramids in Hold up both hands to make a Mexico, in Mexico pyramid shape. ذهبت لأرى بعض الأهر امات في المكسيك، في المكسيك.	
	<i>I <u>went</u> to see a <u>pyr</u>amid that <u>hon</u>ors a <u>king</u>. <u>ذهبت</u> لأرى <u>هرم يكرّم ملك.</u></i>	
	And what did I find? What didPut one hand over the eyes as ifI find?Iooking for something, turningوماذا وجدت؟ ماذا وجدت؟Ieft and right.	
	I found a pyramid that honors the sun.Put both hands over the head, making the shape of the sun.الله عدم يكرّم الشمس.	
	<u>I found a pyramid that hon</u> ors the <u>moon</u> . <u>انا وجدت هرم یکرم القمر</u> .	
	They honor the sun, and the moon, and the king! Put both hands over the head, making the shape of the sun, the moon, and a crown (as each word is chanted.	
Elaboration • Activities	Literacy development	
• Activities allow students	 Compare pyramids in Egypt and Mexico Distribute the Venn diagram, Worksheet 2d, and use Worksheet 	

Key Elements	Lesson 2 Procedures- Pyramids in different countries
to apply concepts in contexts, and build on or extend understanding and skill.	2e as one of the resources. Divide students into pairs or small groups to compare and contrast the two sets of pyramids. Same (in the overlapped middle): square base have faces, edges, vertexes, apex. Honor rulers Different: locations; height (find info about the heights of each pyramid); shapes
	 b. After comparison, students work on Worksheet 2f c. Gallery Walk: Each group posts their Venn diagram on the wall. Walk around to see what each group wrote and ensure accuracy.
	2. Writing an email to Dave
	T: Now, Class. Dave has written to us. What would you like to write to him?
	الأن يا طلاب كتب لنا داف. ماذا تحبون أن تكتبوا له؟
	Use Language Experience Approach: Invite students to express what they want to say/write to Dave. Guide students to focus on the topic of pyramids and the two countries he has visited. As students say something, recast in correct but simple language, if necessary, and write on the board for students to copy once the email is done. For example, Worksheet 2g
	From:(name) (name) (الإسم) (الإسم) (الإسم) (name) []] noise التاريخ: Date:(Thank you and Pyramids) (mixing of eld ((name)) (mix

Key Elements	Lesson 2 Procedures – Pyramids in different countries
	سياسيان (الملك) خوفو. We also like the (Pyramid of the Sun) and (Pyramid of the Moon) in (Mexico). They are also very (big) and(tall). They were to(honor) the(Sun),(the Moon), and the(kings).
Evaluation • Students assess their knowledge, skills and abilities. Activities permit evaluation of student development and lesson effectiveness.	 Assessment: Using their answers on Worksheet 2f, students make oral presentations about their findings. (Make sure to give them some time to prepare what they want to present.) Distribute a blank Worksheet 2g for students to write their individual emails to Dave as part of assessment. Collect all the paper when finished.

Teac	أهرامات حول العالم Pyramids Around the World أهرامات حول العالم
What worked well?	
What did not work well?	
What would I do differently?	
Other comments or notes	

Pyramid Around the World

Lesson 3 – Treasure Inside!

الكنز في الداخل

Lesson 3 of 5	الكنز في الداخل Treasure Inside	Duration: 30 Minutes
Objectives	 I Can: أستطيع Oral language: Identify and name treasures from a g Tell what I can see on a mural inside Literacy: Read and write about a mural inside STEM and Other Subject Areas (Including Cu Talk about what can be found in a py 	of the pyramid. a pyramid. Itures):
Vocabulary and Expressions	Content obligatory language Hide, treasure, honor people, inside, i يخبيء، ثروة، تكريم الناس، داخل، جدارية يخبيء، ثروة، تكريم الناس، داخل، جدارية Content compatible language I can see in في شروة is treasure هي ثروة They lived many years ago إنها مدهشة!	mural استطيع أر
Materials/ Resources	 Pyramid: Ppt. ss. 27-35 Worksheet 3a – Email from Dave, thanks on their pyramids (6) Worksheet 3b – Email from Dave, I went Worksheet 3c – A mural in a Pyramid Worksheet 3d – King Tut's and My Teasu Worksheet 3e – My Treasures 	to a museum (7)
Lesson Storyline and Core Text	Lesson Storyline: Dave sent another email and some pictures to museum while he was traveling. He saw the H students learn what kinds of treasures were s extension, students learn the meaning of treas different to different people because what th will talk about what their own treasures are. Core Text: (Worksheet 3a)	King Tut exhibit. From his email, stored inside a pyramid. By asure, that is, treasure may be

Thank you very much for your emails and pictures. والصور والصور. Your pyramids are awesome. أهراماتكم رائعة. Your emails are wonderful. رسائلكم رائعة. I will go to a museum tomorrow. سأذهب إلى متحف غداً.
رأیت ثروات کثیرة. I saw a lot of treasures.
الملك توت كان ملك مصريّ King Tut was an Egyptian king. بنى المصريون هرماً لتكريمه Egyptians built a pyramid to honor him
الهرم. Inside the pyramid, there were murals and gold. هناك جداريات وذهب داخل
هناك ثروات و هي مهمةThey are treasures. They are important
هذه جدارية .This is a mural
هي داخل هرم It is inside a pyramid
أستطيع أن أرى (ناس) في الجدارية. .I can see (people) in the mural
عاشوا منذ سنوات عديدةThey lived many years ago
إنها مدهشة! الجدارية ثروة أيضاًIt's amazing! The mural is treasure, too
هل عندکم ثروة؟ ?Do you have treasure
هل ثروتكم مثل ثروتي؟ ?Is your treasure the same as my treasure?

Key Elements	الثروة في الداخل Eesson 3 Procedures Treasure Inside
Engagement • Object, event or question used to engage students. • Connections facilitated between what students know and can do	A trip to Museum Students review the pyramid song and chant. Post students' personal emails to Dave on the wall. The class does a gallery walk and asks questions of each other. For example, Student A: What kind of base does this one have? بما نوع قاعدة هذا الهرم؟ Student A: What kind of base does this one have? بما نوع قاعدة هذا الهرم؟ A example, Student A: What kind of base does this one have? بما نوع قاعدة هذا الهرم؟ A of the wany faces does it have? A of the wany edges does it have? A what is this pyramid called? Numer is it? Can you find Mexico? Student B: Students ask each other's Venn diagram's results Worksheet 3a, Email from Dave (6) - Thanks students for their emails and comments on their pyramids.

Key Elements	الثروة في الداخل Lesson 3 Procedures Treasure Inside	
	من: داف From: Dave الموضوع: أنا ذهبت إلى متحف Subject: I went to a museum إلى: صف السيّد/ة class	
	أعزائي طلاب الصف Dear Class,	
	Thank you very much for your emails and pictures. Your pyramids are awesome. I love them! Your emails are wonderful. I love to read them. I can tell you are learning a lot.	
	شكراً جزيلاً لرسائلكم الإلكترونية والصور . أهراماتكم رائعة وأحبها كثيراً. رسائلكم الإلكترونية رائعة وأحب أن أقرأها. لاحظت أنكم تعلمتم الكثير.	
	I am going to a museum tomorrow. I will let you know what I can find out about pyramids while I am there. I'll write again later.	
	سأذهب إلى متحف غداً سأخبركم ما أستطيع معرفته عن الأهر امات خلال زيارتي هناك وسأكتب لكم مرة أخرى لاحقاً.	
	Your Friend,	
	صديقكم،	
	Dave	
	داف	
	Distribute Dave's email to the class and allow students time to read in pairs or in small groups. Ask comprehension questions about this email.	
Exploration	King Tut – The Golden King	
 Objects and phenomena are explored. Hands-on activities, with 	Tell the class that they have received another email and pictures from Dave. Read the email from Dave – I went to a museum (7), Worksheet 3b - Visited the Golden King	
guidance.	من: داف From: Dave	
	Date: <u>(month/date/year, time)</u>	
	التاريخ:(الشهر /اليوم/السنة/الوقت) الموضوع: أنا ذهبت إلى متحفSubject: I went to a museum	
	تعوضي من السيّد/ة (class ro: Mr. /Mrs 'class	
	أعزائي طلاب الصف Dear Class,	
	I hope you enjoy the pictures I sent you this time. I went to a museum today, where I saw a lot of treasures. They were	

Key Elements	الثروة في الداخل Lesson 3 Procedures Treasure Inside
	treasures from King Tut's tomb.
	أرجو أن تكونوا قد إستمتعتم بالصور التي ارسلتها لكم هذه المرة. ذهبت إلى متحف اليوم حيث شاهدت ثرواتً كثيرة وهذه الكنوز كانت من قبر الملك توت.
	King Tut was an Egyptian pharaoh. Egyptians built a pyramid to honor him. People called him the Golden King. Inside the pyramid there were murals and gold. They are treasures. They are important.
	الملك توت كان فرعون مصري والمصريون بنوا هرماً لتكريمه. سماه الناس الملك الذهبيّ. كان هناك جداريات وذهب داخل الهرم وهي ثروات ومهمه.
	Here are pictures of treasures from King Tut's pyramid. I hope you like them.
	هذه صور الثروات من هرم الملك توت وأرجو أن تحبوها.
	Your Friend,
	صديفكم،
	Dave
	داف
	Show Ppt. ss. 28-30 and video or additional pictures from King Tut's tomb. Ask comprehension questions. http://www.kingtut.org/
Explanation	What is a Mural?
• Students explain their	Further explain treasure by showing Ppt ss. 30-32 and also intermittently modeling realia examples of personal treasure.
understanding of concepts and	الثروة هي شيء ثمين جداً لأحد ما T: Treasure is something very precious to someone
processes.	T: For King Tut, gold was treasure. The murals were treasure. Ppt. ss. 33-34
New concepts	للملك توت، ذهب وكنز . كانت الجداريات ثروة.
and skills are introduced as	T: Are gold and murals from the pyramid treasure for us, too?
conceptual	هل الذهب والجداريات من الأهرامات ثروة لنا أيضاً؟
clarity and cohesion are sought.	Students respond.
	T: Why are they treasure? Is it because they are expensive? Or because they were لماذا هي ثروات؟ هل لأنها غالية الثمن؟ أو لأنها من قديم الزمان؟ (from long time ago

Key Elements	الثروة في الداخل Eesson 3 Procedures -– Treasure Inside
	 T: (Show the mural inside a pyramid) Look at the mural inside the pyramid. bit can you see? ? أنظروا إلى الجدارية داخل الهرم؟ ماذا تستطيعون أن تروا؟ ? S: People. (What are they doing?), andetc و إلخ
	Talk about gold, jewelry, statues, and other artifacts in similar ways.
	If time allows, Also shows students Mayan murals and see the different drawing techniques. Ppt. s. 35 Students read and complete Worksheet 3c , the Pyramid Mural Sheet, with the teacher.
	فهل الأهر امات ثروات للعالم؟ ولماذا؟ ?T: So, are pyramids treasures for the world? Why? T: What should we do for our treasures? Do we trash them or do we protect them? (Gesturing to express both concepts.) ماذا يجب أن نفعل لثرواتنا؟ هل ندمر ها أو نحميها؟ (الإشارة للتعبير عن المفهومين)
	Students respond. يجيب الطلاب
	Cite more examples to illustrate these concepts and ensure students' comprehension. For example, talk about various pyramids students have learned. Also show non-examples of pyramids that have not been protected.
	Meroe, Sudan: The Nubian Pyramids
	There are hundreds of pyramidal tombs in the region of central Sudan once

Key Elements	الثروة في الداخل Eesson 3 Procedures Treasure Inside
	known as Nubia, built mostly out of reddish sandstone. About 40 of them are located in Meroe, a major city in the Kushite kingdom from about 300 B.C. to 300 A.D. The Nubian pyramids are smaller than the Egyptian pyramids, and more narrowly shaped. Although they have suffered from plunder and decay over the yearsan Italian explorer smashed the tops off many of them in the 19th century, apparently seeking treasurethey remain a remarkable sight.
	Read more: <u>http://www.smithsonianmag.com/history-archaeology/Ancient-</u> <u>Pyramids-Around-the-World.html#ixzz2DelyjQ7T</u> Follow us: <u>@SmithsonianMag on Twitter</u>
	 T: Let's look at these pyramids. They are in Sudan, Africa. (Locate Sudan in the world map.) أنظروا إلى هذه الأهرامات. هي في السودان في إفريقيا. T: What are these pyramids missing? (If necessary: These pyramids have no ماذا ينقص هذه الأهرامات؟ (هذه الأهرامات ليس لها)(). T: The tops of these pyramids have been trashed. People were looking for treasure inside these pyramids, so they trashed/smashed the tops. What do we need to do with all pyramids? (Why is it important to protect them?)
	دُمرت قمم هذه الأهر امات. كان الناس يبحثون عن ثروات داخل هذه الأهر امات فدمروا القمم. مادا علينا أن نفعل لهذه الأهر امات؟
	(يحمي، مهم، في قديم (Protect, important, long time ago, trash.) الزمان، دمر) الزمان، دمر
	Note: Lead students to talk about what is or is not a treasure. T: We all have treasures. To me, the emails from Dave are treasures to me. Because Dave was my student from long time ago. He remembers me. So his emails are treasure for me. لألكترونية ثروة لي لأنه . (Continue with other personal treasures, such as a ring that belonged to a grandmother, a picture of a good friend or family, or other things that students can identify with. Name at least three or four additional things that show the range of treasures, and include drawings or pictures as mentioned below.)
	 T: What is your treasure? Is your treasure the same as my treasure? Students respond. ما هي تروتك؟ هل تروتك مثل تروتي مثل ثروتي مثل من من
	إذهبوا إلى البيت الليلة وابحثوا عن ثرواتكم. تستطيعون أن ترسموها أو تجدوا بعض الصور وتحضروا

Key Elements	الثروة في الداخل Eesson 3 Procedures Treasure Inside
	بعض الأشياء إلى المدرسة. بإمكانكم أيضاً أن ترسموا بعض الثروات الخيالية وغداً سوف نشارك ونرى ما هي ثرواتنا.
Elaboration • Activities allow students to apply concepts in contexts, and build on or extend understanding and skill.	Show and Tell Students show and tell what their treasures are and why these things are treasures to them. Use Worksheet 3d – King Tut's and My Treasure, as a guide to ask students questions as a way to prepare them for assessment the next day. Lead students in a Pyramid Treasure Chant: Worksheet 3e <i>I went</i> to see a pyramid in Egypt, in Egypt , and a second a s

Key Elements	الثروة في الداخل Treasure Inside – Treasure Inside
Evaluation • Students assess their knowledge, skills and abilities. Activities permit evaluation of student development and lesson effectiveness.	 Start with the Pyramid Treasure Chant. Return students' worksheet and ask them to practice. Assessment: Distribute Worksheet 3d for students to complete. In pairs and small groups, students act as museum guides and make oral presentation to the audience about King Tut's treasures. (Allow some time for students to prepare.) Use Worksheet 3e: My Treasure as assessment for students to write about their own treasure.

	ثروة في الداخل . Teacher Reflections on Lesson 3 – <i>Treasure Inside</i>
What worked well?	
What did not work well?	
What would I do differently?	
Other comments or notes	

Pyramid Around the World

Lesson 4 – Constructing Our Own Pyramids

بناء أهراماتنا

Lesson 4 of 5 – Constructing Our Own Pyramids بناء اهر اماتنا Duration: 30 Minutes		
Objectives	 I Can: : أستطيع Oral language: Ask and answer questions about how to construct a 3-D pyramid. Literacy: Write a brief description of my pyramid using new vocabulary words about pyramids. STEM and Other Subject Areas: Identify the use of pyramids in modern buildings Create a large 3D pyramid 	
Vocabulary and Expressions	Content obligatory vocabulary tape, old/ancient, شريط لاصق، قديم Content compatible vocabulary Decorate/decoration (eg. Color words) is made of It has It was built to	
Materials/ Resources	 Materials for building 3D pyramids (white poster boards, glue, markers, tape) Pyramid: Ppt. ss. 36 – 41 Worksheet 4a – What have we learned? Worksheet 4b – Describing our Pyramid Worksheet 4c – Our Pyramid 	
Lesson Storyline and Core Text	Students review what they have learned about pyramids so far. They explore modern pyramids and see how these structures extend the shapes and functions of pyramids. Students decided to construct their own pyramids and hide treasures inside for people in the future to see, similar to the idea of a time capsule. In small groups, students make their unique pyramids and write descriptions about themselves and their pyramids and treasures for people in the future. Core Text	
	Core text People still build pyramids today. ما يز ال الناس يبنون أهر امات اليوم. هذا هرم غذائي . Do we eat more of the food in the base or those in the top? هل نأكل طعاماً أكثر من القاعدة أم من القمة؟ The higher it is, the less it is	

Key Elements	بناء أهراماتنا Lesson 4 Procedures- Constructing Our Own Pyramids
 Engagement Object, event or question used to engage students. Connections facilitated between what students know and can do 	What Have We Learned So Far? Divide students into small group. Using Worksheet 4a, each group works on the following topics: a. What is special about a Pyramid? *قراص الهرم المهمة * What is a famous pyramid that I can talk about? b. What is a famous pyramid that I can talk about? ais c. What are treasures? * [author content of the conten
Exploration • Objects and phenomena are explored. • Hands-on activities, with guidance.	Can we find modern pyramids in our lives? Note: The key point in this lesson is for students to observe the influence of pyramids in civilization. First, the shape of a pyramid is still prominent in architecture and in our daily lives. Second, the notion that the higher it goes, the less quantity is in a pyramid. This concept can be seen in a food or exercise pyramid. T: Class, are pyramids old/ancient? بعد الأهر امات قديمة? S: Yes. من T: Did you know that people still build pyramids today? Students respond. T: Let's see some modern pyramids that people have built. Ppt. ss. 37-38 Lico yaewwww.trendhunter.com/slideshow/modern-pyramid-architecture http://www.trendhunter.com/slideshow/modern-pyramid-architecture http://www.classbrain.com/artread/publish/article 31.shtml T: Where else do we find pyramid shapes around us? Have you seen any pyramids? I: Use a cais Bigu i et al of pyramids. Abuents respond. T: Where else do we find pyramid shapes around us? Have you seen any pyramids? I: jui i et al of pyramids. Bigu i et al of pyramid. Bigu i et al of pyramid. T: Where else do we find pyramid shapes around us? Have you seen any pyramids? I: jui i et al of pyramid. Bigu i et al of pyramid. Bigu i et al of pyramid. Bigu i et al of pyramid.

Key Elements	بناء أهراماتنا Lesson 4 Procedures- Constructing Our Own Pyramids
	 T: This is about the food we eat each day. Can you guess what is this called? هذا عن الطعام الذي نأكله كل يوم. هل تستطيع أن تخمن ما إسمه? S: A food pyramid. هذم غذائي . S: A food pyramid. هذم غذائي . T: What does the food pyramid tell us? Do we eat more of the foods in the base or those in the top? على ماذا يدلنا الهرم الغذائي؟ هل نأكل طعاماً أكثر من القاعدة أم من القمة؟ Students respond. T: Right, the higher it is the less of it we should eat. The lower it is, the more of it we should eat. So a pyramid can also show us the concept of more or less related to its shape. هذا صحح، كلما أرتفعت في الهرم الغذائي كلما وجب تقليل اكلها. كلما تدنت في الهرم الغذائي، كلما وجب هذا صحح، كلما أرتفعت في الهرم الغذائي كلما وجب تقليل اكلها. كلما تدنت في الهرم المتعلقة بشكله. T: How about the exercise pyramid? You can see we also use pyramid shapes in our daily life. عن هرم يق في حياتنا الرياضية؟ Show ppt. s. 41 and facilitate students to discuss what kind of activities to do more or less daily.
 Explanation Students explain their understanding of concepts and processes. New concepts and skills are introduced as conceptual clarity and cohesion are sought. 	 Let's make our own pyramids Show students a piece of white poster board. Also show a decorated pyramid made out of the poster board, asking students if they would like to make their own pyramids like this. Lead students to brain storm what colors and pictures they are going to use to decorate. Write down the generated vocabulary on the board for students to use later. Model how to enlarge and make a pyramid from Worksheets 1b.1 and 1b.2: Make a copy of the Worksheet 1b.1 or 1b.2. Select only one pyramid for the purpose of modeling. Post the Worksheet on the board so all students can see. Talk out loud so all students can follow the directions. Use a long ruler to measure each edge of the pyramid on the Worksheet and write down the new measurements on all edges. Cross out original measurements. Cut the pyramid from the Worksheet. Post the poster on the wall or white board. Put the pyramid on the poster. Use the ruler to draw a new and larger pyramid by using the new measurements. Make sure also draw tabs for gluing the pyramid together.

Key Elements	بناء أهراماتنا Lesson 4 Procedures- Constructing Our Own Pyramids
	 a door. Take the poster down and cut the pyramid model out. Cut the door but leaving one side intact. Fold and paste tabs together to make a 3-D pyramid model.
	Note: Students will apply the multiplication concept to learn how to enlarge the diagram. Make sure they will save areas for gluing sides together.
	 Procedures: Divide students in small groups. Each group will make a pyramid together out of the poster board. (They will also discuss what they will store in the pyramid on the next day.) Students discuss what pictures or colors to use to decorate their pyramids. Supervise and help students cut the diagram out of the poster. Decorate accordingly. Fold and glue the 3-D pyramids together.
Elaboration Activities allow students to apply concepts in contexts, and build on or extend understanding and skill.	What treasures should we put in there? The class discusses what treasure can be stored in their pyramids. Each student contributes one treasure. T: Now pyramids are built to hide treasure. What treasure would you like to hide in your pyramids? Discuss with your partners and then share with the class. Iversity of the state of
	finds or draw a picture of his/her treasure. Literacy Activity:
	 Use Worksheet 4b and lead students to talk about their pyramids and their experiences of making one. If necessary, model for the class to read and write on the worksheet. Independently students write a description of their pyramids and the decorations on Worksheet 4b. Do peer editing for accuracy. Practice making oral presentations

Key Elements	بناء أهر اماتنا Lesson 4 Procedures- Constructing Our Own Pyramids
Evaluation • Students assess their knowledge, skills and abilities. Activities permit evaluation of student development and lesson effectiveness.	Our Own PyramidUsing Worksheet 4c, each group will writes a description about themselves, theirpyramids, and their treasures for classes in the future to see. The students putthe fact sheets and treasures into their pyramids.Note: Secretly number the pyramids that students made, so students really mustuse their interviews in Lesson 5 (Interpersonal Communication Task) to determinewhich group created each pyramid.T: Now we will wait for Future Class to discover our pyramids.Itio witted for future class to discover our pyramids.Itio witted for students ceremoniously cover pyramids with a cloth ornewspaper.

Teacher Reflections on Lesson 4 – Construction site		
What worked well?		
What did not work well?		
What would I do differently?		
Other comments or notes		

Pyramid Around the World

Lesson 5 – Performance Assessment Tasks

Lesson 5 of 5	Duration: 30 Minutes
Objectives	 Can Do: Get information about the shape and location of a pyramid by listening Ask and answer questions about the shape and treasure of a pyramid Present a pyramid my group and I built
Materials/ Resources	 Equipment to record students' conversations (cell phone, computer, tape-recorder, etc.) Pyramid: Ppt. ss. 42-43 Worksheet 5a – Email from Dave, Where was I? (8) Worksheet 5b – Which Picture shows the pyramids of Tikal? Worksheet 5c – Interview Worksheet 5d – Rubric for Oral Performance Task Worksheet 5e – An Email to Dave (9)

Performance Assessment

Interpretive Task

Interpretive Task: Find the Picture to match Dave's Email about Another Pyramid

Note: This is designed to be a listening task, but it can be easily converted to be a reading task. Use your discretion to make a decision about the skill area.

Dave has sent an email about a pyramid that he visited in another country, but he forgot to attach a picture, **Worksheet 5a**. The teacher has found some pictures about pyramids. Which picture on **Worksheet 5b** is like the one Dave visited?

Teacher reads the email from Dave (8)

أعزائي طلاب الصف ,Dear Class

Guess where I am now? I am not in Egypt, and I am not in Mexico either. I am in Guatemala. Have you heard of Mayans? I visited the Pyramids of Tikal. There are many pyramids here! They were built by Mayans many years ago. Their shapes are different from other pyramids. They are in the rain forest, so people forgot about them for 800 hundred years. You should visit them someday.

Pyramid Around the World

هل تستطيعون أن تخمنوا أين أنا الآن؟ أنا لست في مصر وأنا لست في المكسيك. أنا في جواتيمالا. هل سمعتم عن المايا؟ لقد زرت اهرامات تيكال ويوجد هنا أهرامات كثيرة بناها المايا منذ سنوات عديدة. أشكالها تختلف عن الأهرامات الاخرى. هي في الغابات الإستوائيّة ولذلك غابت عن ذاكرة الناس لثمان مئة سنة.

يجب أن تزوروها يوماً من الأيام.

Your friend,

صديقكم،

Dave

داف

Which picture shows the Pyramids of Tikal?



Pyramid Around the World



http://www.bugbog.com/images/galleries/guatemala_pictures/large-Guatemala-Pictures/Tikal-Guatemala.jpg

Cultural Note for Teachers: Peten, Guatemala- Mayan Pyramids of Tikal

Tikal was an important urban and ceremonial center for the Maya from about 300 to 900 A.D., and they built many monuments here, including five pyramidal temples. The tallest---Pyramid IV, topped by the Temple of the Two-Headed Serpent---is 213 feet high. After the Maya abandoned the site, these pyramids lay largely forgotten in the rainforest for nearly 800 years. European explorers re-discovered them with great excitement in the 1850s, leading to several major archaeological expeditions and digs. The area is now a UNESCO World Heritage site.

Interpersonal Task

Title: Which Pyramid did You Make and What Treasures are Inside?

Step 1: During the Pyramid Day and before the pyramids are unveiled, students walk around to ask each other questions about the pyramids they constructed and treasures they stored inside.

Use Worksheet 5c for interviews.

Step 2: Unveil the pyramids ceremoniously. Students use their notes to identify which pyramid is built by a certain group of students. They will keep the worksheet to use for the next task.

Worksheet 5d: Rubrics for assessment:

The teacher will assess students on oral interpersonal communication.

Pyramid Around the World

Presentational Task

Title: This is our pyramid!

Based on the content of **Worksheet 4c,** students discuss how to make their presentations. Give them time to practice. For differentiation: Encourage students who are more advanced to present without using their notes. Students will make an oral presentation of the pyramid their groups have built and the treasures inside.

Give each group a letter or a name before they present their pyramid. After listening to each presentation and consulting the notes from their interviews, students use Worksheet 5e to record their identification of each pyramid. At the end they will compare how many pyramids that they have correctly identified.

Note: If desired and feasible, videotape students' presentations. This can serve as evidence of student learning, and it can also make into a CD or an internet link for parents and friends to view. Students may also use the video to recall their experiences for the next presentational task.

Use **Worksheet 5d** - rubric for Oral Performance Task

Interpersonal/Presentational Task

Title: : An email to Dave about my experiences (9)

Using **Worksheet 5e**, students write an email to Dave telling about their experiences while learning about pyramids.

Directions: In your email make sure that you:

- 1. Tell Dave who you are.
- 2. Tell him what you learned from this module. For example, tell him about
 - a. Two different pyramids that you have learned about. (Where they are located and whether or not you like them.)
 - b. What treasures from pyramids you have seen.
- 3. Tell him what kinds of pyramid you have found in your daily life.
- 4. Tell him if you like learning about pyramids. Would you like to visit a pyramid when you grow up?

	عمل التقییم Teacher Reflections on Lesson 5 – <i>Assessment Task</i>
What worked well?	
What did not work well?	
What would I do differently?	
Other comments or notes	