Different "Faces" of the Moon أوجه القمر المختلفة

Target Language: Arabic Grade Level: 1

Proficiency Level: Junior Novice Low – Junior Novice Mid

Context and Storyline:

The teacher begins this module by reading Eric Carle's book, "Papa, Please Get the Moon for Me." As the children access this piece of literature and learn key words and expressions in the book, they become motivated to explore the changing phases of the moon and the moon's relationship to the sun and the earth.

The teacher will guide children to understand the phases of the moon and help them figure out why the moon seems to look different to us at different times. The lessons will guide students through various hands-on experiment and activities, including a light bulb and a ball, and a cookie project. In the process, especially through their own observations of the moon, children will obtain facts about the phases of the moon, and learn how to make observations and discern patterns of natural objects in the sky. At the end, besides making their own science journal about their learning experiences, students will go back to the Carle book and identify different phases of the moon during the story. They will also reflect upon their own learning experience throughout this module.

Enduring Understanding:

Students will understand that objects may appear to be different than they really are. We need to investigate before we can draw a conclusion.

Essential Questions:

What does the moon look like?

Why does the moon look different at different times?

Module Duration and Lessons: Five 30-minute lessons

Depending on the length and frequency of classes per week, we suggest the five lessons in this module could be taught during a period of three to five weeks. On the average, each lesson may be taught over a week, with 30-minute classes, three to five times per week.

يا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك -Lesson 1

(Engagement stage or introduction)

(Exploration stage for main events) هكذا يببو القمر في أوقات مختلفة -Lesson 2

(Explanation stage for main events and practice) لو كان القمر حلوى – 3 Lesson 3

(Elaboration stage for summary and review) القمر الذي نستصيع أن نراه في السماء - 4 Lesson 4

(Evaluation stage for assessing student learning outcomes) قصتي عن القمر – 5 Lesson

	SE – STEM Standards
5C – World Language Standards 5	JI STEIN Standards
 Students engage in exchanges about familiar and personal topics in the present, past and future in the target language (1.3 B) Culture Students identify and describe practices and perspectives of the cultures studied (2.1A) Describe and participate in school-based cultural activities such as games, songs, and holiday celebrations, which are representative of the cultures studied (2.1Ab) Connections (sample below) 	ALPC Patterns and Cycles Students who demonstrate understanding can: a. Investigate and compare how some natural events occur quickly and other natural events occur slowly. b. Record and share observations about how some events have cycles; whereas, other events have a clear beginning and end. c. Obtain information and share observations to determine simple patterns of natural objects in the sky. e. Obtain information and communicate that there are tools that allow people to see more objects in the sky and in greater detail. Math Common Core G.3 Partition circles and rectangles into two or four equal shares, describe the shares using the worlds halves, fourths, and quarters, and use the phrases half of, fourth of, and quarter of. Describe the whole as two of, or four of the shares. Understand for these examples that decomposing into more equal shares creates smaller shares.

Knowledge: Students will know	Skills: Students can
Vocabulary (both linguistic and content areas) القمر الأرض الشمش السماء Identify – Moon Phases: التربيع الأول القمر الجديد التربيع الأخير البدر نصف دائريّ الأربي الأخير البدر	 Identify and describe four phases of the moon. Express why the moon seems to change shape. Sequence the cyclic pattern of the four moon phases learned.

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- مضيء رضوء الشمش
- مختلف رتغيّر

Expressions and patterns

- الأخير رثمّ رالتالي رالأول Sequence
- أصغر رأكبر •
- معتم رمضىء •
- اليسار اليمين •

- Make simple statements in TL.
- Ask and answer simple questions in TL.

Performance Assessment

Interpretive and Presentational Task

Students recreation and read their own version of Carle's book:

Students walk around to view each other's books.

Each student will select another student's book to read to the class.

Interpretive Task

My Science Journal Folder:

They will develop their own mini-books based on the prompt from each station. Students' Science Journals will be on display. Students will do a gallery walk and look at all books. When the time is up for gallery walk, they will identify the book they are assigned to review.

Interpersonal Task

The class will be divided into two groups – Group A: the authors and Group B: the reporters. Members of Group B will interview the author of the science journals. Then the roles are switched, and members of Group B are the authors and will be interviewed by members of Group A. Each interview will be conducted using prompts.

Presentational Task

Working in pairs, students will report on the scientists and the journals. They will talk about the scientists' evaluation of their work, as well as their own comments about the scientists' work.

Materials/Resources

Materials:

- Laptop/computer
- o LCD projector
- o USB Microphone
- Speakers
- Internet access to TeacherTube or video and a DVD player
- Photos of the different phases of the moon, Worksheet 2a, cut apart (recommend laminating for use in other lessons during this module)
- o Photos of Moon, Earth and sun (recommend laminating for use)

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- Pocket chart or magnets to hold photos for display
- Moon Phases Poem/Song- need transparency for overhead if there is no document camera
- Photo of empty paper plate for cookie moons
- o Photo of paper plate with cookie moons on it. (one for each student for their Journal)
- Paper plates, prepared in advance as seen in Worksheet with optional 2" Earth in center (one for teacher and one per student)
- Chocolate cookies with white cream filling, preferably miniature-sized, with one chocolate wafer already carefully removed (four per person) or regular chocolate cookie w/a can of frosting.
- Chocolate cookies with white cream filling, regular-sized, with one chocolate wafer already carefully removed (four, for teacher demonstration)
- Poster board pre-labeled with four moon phases in a circle, for placing demonstration cookies into cycle
- Craft stick (one per person)
- Lamp, with shade removed and picture of sun taped to it
- o Tape
- o Ball (for moon model), with face drawn on one half (suggest taping on a face)
 - OR Softball, with one side marked to indicate one fixed side of the moon Permanent marker or pen, for drawing face on ball
- Document Camera or scanner, if available, to enlarge <u>Moon Phases Poem/Song</u>, and worksheet
- Paper clips or small plastic zip bags for pre-cut moon phase pictures, if using 2a. cloze version for individual students
- o Glue
- Moon Phases calendars
- Colored pencils (yellow, black, gray)
- Printed paper
- Stapler

Resources:

"Papa. Please Get the Moon for me" translated into target language. Teacher can cut and attach the sentence strips on top of the English version.

- o Worksheet 1a قاعلى فأعلى
- o Worksheet 1b فأسفل فأسفل فأسفل
- o Worksheet 1c كبر القمر كل ليلة بعد ليلة –
- o Worksheet 1d القمر لمراحل القمر الكرين الزمني لمراحل القمر
- o "Papa, please get the moon for me" https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EZE95KKingo
- o Internet access to DVD and DVD player of Eric Carle's Moon story
- Arabic Moon Video and Song http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jU1nZq92pxw
- Ramadan Moon Video and Song (in English):
 http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WwQjXWYaYEA
- O Book <u>Moon game</u>, by Frank Asch: A story about a little bear playing hide-and-seek with his friends. One of his friends is the moon, who hides behind some clouds, and can't be found until the clouds move out of the way. This may be used to support the meaning of the words *hide*; , and *hidden* . Teacher may find time to explain to students that sometimes we cannot see the moon, even when it is not a New Moon, because of clouds.
- الشمس، الأرض، وصور لمراحل القمر Worksheet 2a
- o Worksheet 2b-انشودة الشمس تشبه كرة من النار

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- يدور! يدور! أنشودة Worksheet 2c
- o **Worksheet 2d** يدور! يدور! أنشودة for cloze version, with pre-cut pictures of moon phases.
- Paper clips or small plastic zip bags for pre-cut moon phase pictures, if using Worksheet
 2d. cloze version for individual students
- o Worksheet 3a مبق حلوة القمر على شكل القمر ا
- أنشودة " القمر الذي نراه في السماء " Worksheet 3b
- o Worksheet 3c عن القمر
- o Worksheet 4a الشمس تشبه كرة من النار
- تمرين مراحل الجدول الزمنيّ Worksheet 4b
- صنع شرائح الجمل لكتاب بابا الخاص بي. Worksheet 4c
- o Worksheet 5a التصحيح الذاتيّ للطالب
- o Worksheet 5b ؟ ماذا تعلمت

Note:

Audio tape the story so students can read the book independently and repeat after it, similar to "read aloud activities" for elementary students. We recommend that teachers establish a recording station in the classroom for the rest of the module. When appropriate, find time during Lessons 2-4 so students can review and practice the language.

Extension:

In Lessons 3 and 4, find time for groups of students to record their own reading of the book. Share this with the class for assessment and fun.

STEM Background for teachers: (identified and provided by a STEM teacher/resource person)

The Solar System

Our solar system includes the sun, planets and their moons, comets, asteroids, and meteoroids. Beyond our solar system are stars and galaxies. Space stretches beyond our solar system for at least 100 sextillion kilometers (numeral 1 followed by 23 zeros)!

The sun is a star at the center of our solar system. It is made of fiery hydrogen gas. It produces heat and light. Its heat and light travel 150 million kilometers through space to Earth. Everything in our solar system revolves around the sun and everything is kept in orbit by the pull of the sun's gravity. The sun rotates on its axis and completes one rotation in 25 days. One rotation of the earth around the sun takes 24 hours.

Earth's Rotation

Earth rotates on its axis every 24 hours. Earth's axis is an imaginary line that passes through the center of the earth from the North Pole to the South Pole.

One day equals one rotation of Earth. Half of the earth faces the sun; this half is daytime. The other half of the earth faces away from the sun; this half is nighttime.

Earth rotates from west to east. This makes the sun, moon, and stars look like they are moving from east to west. The sun, moon, and stars rise in the east and set in the west.

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Daylight

In the Northern Hemisphere, the shortest amount of daylight is on the first day of winter (December 21). The longest amount of daylight is on the first day of summer (June 21). Places farthest from the equator are in daylight the longest. However, in the Southern Hemisphere, places farthest from the equator are in darkness the longest. On June 21, the area around the North Pole has 24 hours of daylight and the area around the South Pole has 24 hours of darkness. At the equator, daylight and darkness are about equal.

The length of daylight changes during the year. From June 21 to December 21, the days grow shorter and from December 21 to June 21, the days grow longer. This is caused by the Earth's tilt on its axis and its revolution around the sun.

Moon Phases

From night to night, the shape of the moon looks different. These changes are called the moon's phases. The moon is shaped like a golf ball; it never changes its shape. The moon does not have any light of its own. We see the part of the moon that reflects light from the sun to Earth, and this changes with the movement of the moon. The moon rotates on its axis and revolves around the earth. One rotation and one revolution take the same about of time, about 28 days.

The shape of the part of the moon that reflects light depends on two things, the moon's position in its orbit around Earth and the position of the sun. The same phase of the moon repeats about every 27 ¾ to 29 ½ days. In some phases, you can see the moon during part of the day.

First quarter – 7 days before a full moon and the moon looks like a half circle Full moon – moon look like a full circle Last quarter – 7 days after a full moon and the moon looks like a half circle

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Lesson 1- Papa, Please Get the Moon for Me یا بابا، اجلب لي القمر من فضلك

Lesson 1 of 5	Duration: 30 Minutes
Objectives	استطيع استطيع : Oral language: House: سلّم رباب رنافذة ربيت : Physical activity: مدّ رحمل رجلب/يجلب رامس رتمنى راعب مع بندو أصغر ررأى/يرى الستطاع/أمكن ربيدو أصغر ررأى/يرى Literacy: Recognize the words: القمر رسلّم رباب رنافذة
	STEM and Other Subject Areas: Students who demonstrate understanding can: a. Investigate and compare how some natural events occur quickly and other natural events occur slowly. b. Record and share observations about how some events have cycles; whereas, other events have a clear beginning and end.
Vocabulary and Expressions	Previous Learned: Family members: والدة روالدة روالد والد على المنطل براين راينة راينة روالدة روالد على المنطل وق Directional words: السفل بفوق المنطل بخوم المنطل بخوم المنطل بنجوم المنطل والمنطل والمنطل والمنطل المنطل المن
Materials/ Resources	 Laptop Video camera LCD projector speakers Internet access to YouTube or video of "Papa. Please Get the Moon for me" "Papa. Please Get the Moon for me" in target language. If necessary the teacher can cut and fasten translated sentence strips on top of the English version. Worksheet 1a – نزل إلى أسفل أعلى الله المناف المن

	Note: If you do not have internet access, a laptop, LCD projector (with connector cables), and speakers, you may download and burn a copy of the YouTube video prior to class on a DVD and bring a DVD player (with some way to display the DVD) into the classroom. There are many videos of this story; you may choose one that you prefer instead of the one suggested here.
Lesson Storyline and Core Text	Teacher begins this module by reading Eric Carle's book, "Papa, Please Get the Moon for Me." As the children access this piece of literature during the rest of this lesson, and as they learn key words and expressions in the book, they become motivated to explore the changing phases of the moon and the moon's relationship to the sun and the earth.
	لقد وجدت كتاب أحب أن اشاركائح اياه
	يا بابا، اجلب لي القمر من فضلك
	يا بابا ضع السلم الطويل جداً على الجبل
	تسلق إلى أعلى فأعلى
	وصل بابا إالى القمر
	وقال:ترغب إبنتي بلِّن تلعب معك.
	صغر القمر أكثر فاكثر. أخده بابا.
	قال بابا لمونكا: ها هو القمر لقد جلبته لك.
	قفزت مونكا ورقصت مع القمر .
	ظل القمر يصغر ويصغر وأخيراً اختفى.
	ثمّ في ليلة من الليالي رأت مونكا القمر مرة أخرى.
	سنتابع القمر كل ليلة على هذا الجدول الزمني هذا الشهر. وسوف نكتشف معاً شكل القمر كل ليلة.

Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures – Papa, please get the moon for me یا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك
EngagementObject, event or question used to engage students.	Read Carle's book; What does Monica want? T: صباح الخير يا طلاب. لقد وجدت كتاب أحب أن اشار ككم اياه

Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures – Papa, please get the moon for me
	يا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك
• Connections facilitated between what students know	T: (Teacher shows the book and asks students to predict what the book is about.) انظن أنه ال (pointing) دعونا نرى ماذا ترون؟ (wait for student response. If they do not provide the word, then ask:)
and can do	هل هذا بنت أم ولد؟Wait and prompt, if necessary) هل هذا صغير؟
	. تسكن في بيت. (.Wait and prompt, if necessary) وهذه النبئت الصغيرة تسكن في (.Wait and prompt, if necessary وعندها أيضاً حيوان أليف، عندها فقصتنا عن القمر وبنت صغيرة تسكن في بيت من منكم عنده كلب؟ (.prompt, if necessary)
	I wonder what the little girl's name is. I wonder if there is anyone else in the story. Let's read the book and find out.
	يا ترى ما اسم البنت الصغيرة. يا ترى هل هناك أيّ شخص آخر في القصة.
	دعونا نقرأ الكتاب و نكتشف
	Students respond.
	Note: The purpose of this activity is to provide the necessary vocabulary to students while activating their prior knowledge and building their interest. It doesn't have to be very extensive.
	Teacher reads the story (TL).
	T: I also found a video about this story. Would you like to watch it? (This video is in English) https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EZE95KKinqo
	Note to Teacher: About using English and the target language on the first day of this module: Our philosophy is to tap into students' bi-literacy as a resource. By exposing students with the English video first, we prime them to building or activating their prior knowledge. Throughout the module, only the target language (TL) is used.
	T: (TL) <i>again. لنستمع إلى القصة مرة أخرى</i> (Read the story with animation and interpretation, while pointing at pictures.)
	 Ask simple comprehension questions: من هم الأشخاص الذين في القصة؟ ما اسم البنت؟ أي نوع من الحيوانات الأليفة عندك؟ ماذا تريد مونكا؟
	Closing Routine (to be used every day); Say thank you, goodbye to the teacher and fellow students. Adding different things daily, based on the new vocabulary or concepts

اوجه العمر المحتلف	
Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures – Papa, please get the moon for me
	يا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك
	introduced that day. For this day, lead the students to say good-bye to Monica, papa, cat, and the moon.
Exploration • Objects and phenomena are explored. • Hands-on activities, with guidance.	What does Papa do? Use the book up to the page that reads, "Up and up and up, he climb. T: (Pulls out the Papa book which already has TL strips covering the English in the book and reads the story once in the TL up to the page that states, "Up and up and up he climbed. Then go back to the first page and engage students in answering comprehension questions page by page. Point at the pictures while asking questions.)
	ماذا سألت مونكا والدها؟
	جلب والد مونكا سلم طويل جداً. من منكم يستطيع أن يشير إلى السلم؟
	إلى أين أخد والد مونكا السلم الطويل جداً؟ من يستطيع أن يشير إلى أين ذهب؟
	هذا صحيح، ذهب إلى جبل عال جداً.
	Text in the book up to this page: Worksheet 1a قبل أن نامت مونكا نظرت من النافذة ورأت القمر. ظهر القمر وكأنه قريب جداً
	فكرت وقالت: "أتمنى أن ألعب مع القمر" وحاولت الإمساك به.
	ولكن مهما حاولت لم تستطع لمس القمر .
	"يا بابا" قالت مونكا "اجلب لي القمر من فضلك"
	جلب بابا سلم طویل جداً
	حمل السلم الطويل جداً بإتجاه جبل عال جداً
	ثم وضع بابا السلم الطويل جداً على قمة الجبل العالي جداً
	تسلق أعلى فأعلى
	As you read the book, lead students in pantomiming the actions in the story. Afterwards read the text again, with the entire class joining in,

Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures – Papa, please get the moon for me
	يا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك
	especially by supplying key words in the target language.
	Lead students to recite:
	(and reach for the moon). "أتمنى أن ألعب مع القمر" ولكن مهما أحاول، لا أستطيع أن المس القمر. ".(stretch and stretch)
	"يا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك"
	T:
	هل نظرت إلى القمر من قبل مثلما فعلت مونكا؟
	كيف كان شكل القمر ؟
	دعونا نرسم صورة القمر .
	(Have students draw pictures of the moon and have them hold them up for everyone to see. Those pictures will likely look different from one another.) تبدو كل الصور مختلفة كما كانت في القصة. أليس هذا مثيراً للإهتمام!
	ربما نستطيع أن نتابع القمر. كيف يمكن أن تكون كل هذه الصور لنفس القمر؟
	T: (Distribute Moon Calendar to students, Worksheet 1d)
	يا طلاب، لنتابع القمر على هذا الجدول الزمني للقمر.
	انظروا إلى القمر الليلة إذا استطعتم، والحظوا شكله.
	بإمكانكم أن ترسموا شكله على التقويم الزمني للقمر.
	سوف اريكم طريقة المرسم.
	T:
	دعونا نتخيل أن القمر يبدو هكذا.
	(Teacher models by drawing a shape of the moon on the calendar. Repeat the modeling a few times so students understand how to complete the assignment.)
	т:
	سنتابع القمر كل ليلة على هذا الجدول الزمني حتى الشهر التالي. إذا ما كان بإمكانكم أن تروا القمر فتستطيعون رؤيته على الإنترنت. بإمكاننا أن نتابع القمر على هذا الجدول الزمني الكبير في الصف وعلى جداولكم الصغيرة. معاً سنكتشف أشكال القمر المختلفة كل ليلة.
	Note: Have students fill in every day of their calendars, based on class discussion. For days when they actually see the moon themselves, ask them to put a star in the corner of that day of the calendar, so they can keep track of how many times they saw the moon.

اوجه القمر المحتلقه	
Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures – Papa, please get the moon for me یا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك
	Closing: Lead the students in the refrain of what Monica says in the book: "أتمنى أن العب مع القمر" (and reached for the moon). ولكن مهما أحاول لا استطيع لمس القمر. "يا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك"
	Do the daily good-bye routine, including to Monica and the moon.
Explanation • Students explain their understanding of concepts and processes. • New concepts and skills are introduced as conceptual clarity and cohesion are sought.	What did you see last night? Read and discuss Carle's book T: (After daily routines, greetings, calendar, weather, etc.) من كان بإمكانه رؤية القمر الليلة الماضية؟ إذا رأيت القمر أري صورة القمر على الجدول لزملائك. Students show each other what they drew the night before. T: (Walks around the classroom, making comments such as the following) جميل جداً بدا القمر كبيراً (أو صغيراً أو سمينا أو نحيفاً أو نصف دائريّ) الليلة الماضية.
	ماذا عنك ؟ (إسم الطالب) T: (Showing Internet picture of the moon) لم استطع أن أرى القمر الليلة الماضية لكنني وجدت هذه الصورة على الإنترنت. ألا تبدو كصور كم؟
	Students comment. T:
	(Either the teacher draws or invites a student to draw it on the class calendar poster.) T: دعونا نتابع قراءة القصة. لنقرأ معاً من حيث توقفنا عن القراءة أمس. Teacher leads students in reading the passage up to "Up and up and up he climbed." Teacher continues to read the following page: واخيراً بابا وصل إلى القمر قال بابا: "ترغب إبنتي مونكا بأن تلعب معك"

Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures – Papa, please get the moon for me
	يا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك
	وقال القمر: "يصغر حجمي قليلاً كل ليلة" " عندما يصبح حجمي مناسباً تستطيع أن تاخدني معك" وفعلاً صغر القمر أكثر فأكثر وأخده معه بابا عندما اصبح حجمه مناسباً ونزل إالى الاسفل. Teacher asks and students answer comprehension questions.
	ماذا تريد مونكا؟ ماذا يفعل والد مونكا؟ ماذا يقول والد مونكا للقمر؟ ما المشكلة؟ ماذا يقول القمر؟ ماذا حصل؟ هل صغر القمر؟ هل حصل بابا على القمر وأخده معه إلى البيت؟
	Follow the procedures for reading and comprehending the story suggested in Explanation. Additionally, lead students to imitate the following passage from the story, modeled in short phrases:
	"تر غب إبنتي مونكا بأبن تلعب معك" (بصوت بابا) "لكنك كبير جداً"
	"يصغر حجمي قليلاً كل ليلة" (بصوت القمر)
	" تستطيع أن تأخذني معك عندما يصبح حجمي مناسباً "
	فصغر القمر أكثر فأكثر.
	T: (At the end, remind students about their homework assignment – Moon Calendar homework.)
	لا تنسوا أن ترسموا شائل القمر الليلة على جداولكم القمرية!
	Extension: Follow similar closing procedures as the previous day. Recite the dialogue from the story.
Elaboration	The Moon?
 Activities allow students to apply concepts in contexts, and build on or extend understanding and 	Do the calendar and moon routine. Make sure to do the class calendar daily. T:
	الأن لنستمر في قراءة القصة. دعونا نقرأ معاً ما قرأنا من قبل.
	Teacher leads students in reading the passage up to "Down, down, and down he climbed."
skill.	Teacher continues reading the following section –
	" ها هو القمر" قال بابا لمونكا " جلبته لك"

Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures – Papa, please get the moon for me یا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك
	قفزت مونكا ورقصت مع القمر
	عانقت القمر ورمت به في الهواء.
	لكن القمر ظل يصغر ويصغر وأخيراً اختفى.
	وفي ليلة ما رأت مونكا شريحة نحيفة للقمر تظهر مرة أخرى
	كبر القمر كل ليلة
	Ask and lead students answer comprehension questions, including learning the text from the book:
	"ها هو القمر جلبته لك" (بصوت بابا)
	"شكراً يا بابا" (بصوت مونكا)
	قفزت مونكا ورقصت مع القمر
	عانقت القمر ورمت به في الهواء.
	ظل القمر يصغر ويصغر وأخيراً اختفى.
	ثم في ليلة من الليالي ظهر القمر مرة أخرى.
	وظل يكبر كل ليلة أكثر فأكثر.
	Note: If there is time, prepare a gift pack and have students practice gift giving and taking by using the language and gesture described in the story and chant.
	T: (At the end, remind students about their homework assignment – Moon Calendar homework.) الا تنسوا أن ترسموا القمر في جدولكم القمري كما يبدو الليلة!

Key Elements	Lesson 1 Procedures – Papa, please get the moon for me یا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك
Evaluation • Students assess their knowledge, skills and abilities. Activities permit evaluation of student development and lesson effectiveness.	For students who are not yet independent readers: Let's read and perform the story: Teacher guides students in re-reading the story in its entirety. Divide the class into three groups. Distribute Worksheet 1a - 1c to each child. Assign one of the worksheets to each group to act out as it is read. Read the story line by line, and the class repeats, and the designated group pantomimes the lines in the story. For students who are already readers: Let's Read and Perform the Story Together Teacher guides students in re-reading the story in its entirety. Divide the class into groups. Distribute Worksheet 1a - 1c, one to each group. The group will read the section as assigned from the worksheet. Each group will volunteer to read its section to the class. In this way, three groups will complete the reading of the entire book. Note: Provide assistance to any group that needs help. Make sure they can read the story accurately. At the end, remind students about their homework assignment – Moon Calendar homework.

Teacher Reflection Le	esson 1- Papa, please get the moon for me	يا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فه
What worked well?		
What did not work well?		
What would I do differently?		
Other comments or notes		

Different "Faces" of the Moon أوجه القمر المختلفة

Lesson 2 – This is How the Moon Looks at Different Times هلافا يبدو القمر خلال أوقات مختلفة

مختلفة – Lesson 2 of 5	هكذا يبدو القمر خلال أوقات	Duration: 30 Minutes
Objectives	استطيع :I Can Oral language: • Moon Phases: • Vocabulary ميئة، الجهة المعتمة Turn*,	التربيع الأخير ,التربيع الأول ,البدر ,القمر الجديد القمر، الشمس، الأرض، ضوء الشمس، الجهة المض
	 Point to the words in the M 	 البدر، نصف القمر، ربع القمر، القمر الج
	 on the moon model. Tell that Earth and the moo Identify the bright side and Partition circles and rectang describe the shares using the and use the phrases half of, whole as two of, or four of the shares who in the phrases half of th	القمر، الشمس، والأرض. ses that I can see lighted by the 'sun' n both turn. a dark side of the moon model. gles into two or four equal shares, ne worlds halves, fourths, and quarters, fourth of, and quarter of. Describe the the shares. Understand for these g into more equal shares creates
Vocabulary and Expressions		القمر الجديد، التربيع الأول, البدر، التربيع الأخير، ضوء الشمس، مضيء، الجهة المضيئة، الجهة المعن
	Content compatible language: أيّ مجموعة	يدور،الشكل، غير، مختلف حقيقي، النار، شبه، رأس، تجربة، تطوّع دائرة، نصف دائرة، كم، عرف، تغيرات، مراجعة،

World Language – STEM MODULE COVERSHEET Different "Faces" of the Moon

	Different Faces of the أوجه القمر المختلفة	TIVIOOTI	
مختلفة – Lesson 2 of 5	Lesson 2 of 5 – هكذا يبدو القمر خلال أوقات مختلفة – Duration: 30 Minutes		
Materials/Resources	 Lamp, with shade removed ar Tape Ball (for moon model), with fare and one of the moon (sugh of the	n color and laminated, if possible) nd picture of sun taped to it ace drawn on one half ne side marked to indicate one fixed agest taping on a face) or drawing face on ball version (one per person) vailable, to enlarge Sun, Earth, Moon ctor and teacher-made transparency . Turn! Turn! Chant d large poster of worksheet 2a. Turn! liman indicate l	
Lesson Storyline and Core Text	The teacher begins this lesson by revisible please get the moon for me." Continuinvolving a light bulb, a student volunt and inform students about the relations sunthrough the experiment. Student be different than how they appear to understand the need to investigate be this lesson, students will not only lear also why the moon's appearance characteristics.	ue with a hands-on experiment ateer and a ball or an orange. Guide onship between the moon, earth, and its will understand that objects may the naked eye. Students will efore a conclusion can be drawn. In orn the four basic moon phases but	

هكذا يبدو القمر خلال أوقات مختلفة – Lesson 2 of 5	Duration: 30 Minutes
	هذا المصباح هو الشمس.
	درنا و دارت الكرة معنا
	وهذه الكرة هي القمر.
	يدور، يدور، يدور، مراحل القمر الأربع

Key Elements	هكذا يبدو القمر خلال أوقات مختلفة – Lesson 2 Procedures
Engagement • Object, event or question used to engage students.	The Facts about the Sun, Moon and Earth; Review the Carle's Book T: دعونا نقرأ "بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك" مرة ثانية! من يريد أن يقرأ معي؟
• Connections facilitated between what students know and can do	Invite different students to read with teacher. T: (differentiating fantasy from reality.) ماذا تظنون؟ في الحقيقة، هل تستطيع أن تلعب مونكا بالقمر؟ هل هذا ممكن؟ هل يستطيع أن يجلب لها و الدها القمر؟ لما لا؟ أبن القمر؟
	Students respond. T: هل تضنون أن القمر فعلاً يصغر ويصغر؟ وهل تظنون أن القمر يكبر مرة أخرى؟ دعونا نكتشف
	كيف بإمكان القمر فعل ذلك. كيف بإمكان القمر فعل ذلك. T: (Show pictures of the sun, the moon, and the earth. Point at the moon) با طلاب، هل هذه الشمس أم هذا القمر؟ (Point at the pictures randomly to introduce the vocabulary for each until students understand.)
	T: (Pointing at or showing the picture of the sun) الشمس تشبه كرة من النار. تعطينا الحرارة والضوء. عندما نرى الشمس تكون السماء مضيئة.
	Putting the hand over the eyebrows and blinking the eyes as if the sun is too bright. Also fan with the hand as if for relief from the heat. Gesture students to follow the motions and repeat the utterances.)
	عندما لا نستطيع ان نرى الشمس، تكون السماء معتمة. إنه الليل.
	T: (Pointing at the picture of the earth)
	الأرض هي المكان الذي نسكن فيه. نحتاج إلى ضوء الشمس. عندما نستطيع ان نرى الشمس، تكون السماء مضيئة. إنه النهار .
	(Showing the motion of waking up and getting up.) When we cannot see the sun, it is dark. It is night. (Yawning and putting hands together as if to sleep.)
	T: (Showing the picture of the moon)
	متى رأت مونكا القمر؟ في الليل أم في النهار؟
	Teach the chant (Worksheet 2b) one line at a time, having students repeat after the teacher, in rhythm.
	الشمس تشبه كرة من النار تعطينا الحرارة والضوء. عندما نرى الشمس،

لله التنافي أن نرى الشمس. Exploration Objects and phenomena are explored. Hands-on activities, with guidance. Show four pictures of the phases of the moon. Tell students what they are called: Put the pictures up on the board in the order they appear. Have students point to pictures as you name them, and then invite volunteers to name phases as another student points to them. T: (Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp.) T: (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) Ss: T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the earth on the clarch) of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		
After the opening routine, begin by reminding students of the story, perhaps asking: ال المصل القمر الفتر الفترة الإهمام وكثير من الناس يحبون مشاهدة القمر كل ليلة. يسمى الجزية التربيع الأول، التربيع الثالث، والبدر. Show four pictures of the phases of the moon. Tell students what they are called: Put the pictures up on the board in the order they appear. Have students point to pictures as you name them, and then invite volunteers to name phases as another student points to them. T: (Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp T: (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) Ss: T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		تبدو السماء مضيئة. إنه النهار. عندما لا نستطيع أن نرى الشمس، تبدو السماء معتمة. إنه الليل. نستطيع أن نرى القمر. في الليل.
After the opening routine, begin by reminding students of the story, perhaps asking: ال المصل القمر الفتر الفترة الإهمام وكثير من الناس يحبون مشاهدة القمر كل ليلة. يسمى الجزية التربيع الأول، التربيع الثالث، والبدر. Show four pictures of the phases of the moon. Tell students what they are called: Put the pictures up on the board in the order they appear. Have students point to pictures as you name them, and then invite volunteers to name phases as another student points to them. T: (Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp T: (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) Ss: T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		
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• Hands-on activities, with guidance. • Hands-on activities, with guidance. • من امور القمر المثيرة للإهتمام وكثير من الناس يحبون مشاهدة القمر كل ليلة. يسمى الجزء القمر الدي نشاهده مرحلة القمر. سنتعلم عن مراحل القمر الأربع. • Show four pictures of the phases of the moon. Tell students what they are called: • Put the pictures up on the board in the order they appear. Have students point to pictures as you name them, and then invite volunteers to name phases as another student points to them. T: • (Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp • (Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp • (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) • (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) • Ss: T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) • Ss: T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)	phenomena are	
activities, with guidance. Show four pictures of the phases of the moon. Tell students what they are called: Now four pictures of the phases of the moon. Tell students what they are called: Put the pictures up on the board in the order they appear. Have students point to pictures as you name them, and then invite volunteers to name phases as another student points to them. T: (Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp (Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp T: (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) Ss: T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)	·	ماذا حصل للقمر عندما لعبت به مونكا؟ هل صغر؟ هل فعلاً يصغر القمر ويكبر ؟
called: . بر الجديد, التربيع الأول، التربيع الثالث، والبدر. Put the pictures up on the board in the order they appear. Have students point to pictures as you name them, and then invite volunteers to name phases as another student points to them. T: (Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp T: (Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp T: (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) Ss: T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)	activities, with	هذه من امور القمر المثيرة للإهتمام وكثير من الناس يحبون مشاهدة القمر كل ليلة. يسمى الجزء من القمر الذي نشاهده مرحلة القمر. سنتعلم عن مراحل القمر الأربع.
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(Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp (Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) Ss: T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) T: Time the time the moon on the ball.) T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		
(Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp . الدوه الله ما معي في يدي؟ إنه مصباح. T: (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) Ss: مرحباً يا شمس! T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: تا المرحباً للقمر. Ss: T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		т:
T: (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) Ss: المرحبا للشمس. T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: المرحباً للقسر. Ss: T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		دعونا نقوم بتجربة تساعدنا على فهم هذه المراحل.
T: (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) Ss: إلى مرحباً يا شمس! T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: المرحباً للقمر. T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		(Bring out a lamp and a ball. Showing the lamp
(Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.) Ss: المرحباً يا شمس! T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: الوا ملرحباً للقمر. T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		انظروا إلى ما معي في يدي؟ إنه مصباح.
Ss: الشمس. T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: رحباً يا قمر! T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		T: لكن اليوم هذا المصباح هو الشمس
Ss: المرحباً يا شمس! T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) الوا ملرحباً للقمر. Ss: T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		(Ceremoniously tape a picture of the sun on the lamp.)
T: This ball is the moon. (Ceremoniously tape a small picture of the moon on the ball.) Ss: T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		قولوا مرحبا للشمس.
on the ball.) Ss: T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		مرحباً يا شمس!
Ss: رحباً یا قمر! T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		
T: My head is the earth. (Ceremoniously tape a picture of the earth on teacher's own forehead.)		قولوا مارحباً للقمر.
teacher's own forehead.)		مارحباً يا قمر! Ss:
أمام حراً الأدون مرحراً والدون ا		
وا مرکب تاریخی:		قولوا مرحباً للأرض. مرحباً يا أرض!

Different "Faces" of the Moon أوجه القمر المختلفة

مرحباً يا أرض!

T:

الأن دعونا رقوم بتجربة عن الشمس والقمر والأرض.

T: (Teacher dims or turns off lights in the room. Try to make the room as dark as possible. Turn on the "sun" lamp.)

انها مضيئة؟ ضوء الشمس مضيء جداً! الشمس مضيئة. هل الشمس مضيئة أم معتمة؟

Ss: الشمس مضيئة!

T:

نعم، الشمس مضيئة. وبدون ضوء الشمس تكون معتمة..

الآن خبرني، هل هي مضيئة أم معتمة؟ (Turns off lamp for a moment.)

Ss: إنها معتمة.

T: (Turn the lamp back on.)

الآن نرى الشمس مرة أخرى.







T:

دعونا نقوم بتجربة. هل تتذكرون من أنا؟ هل أنا الشمس أم الأرض؟

(Pointing the picture of the earth on the forehead.)

Ss: الأرض

T: أحتاج إلى متطوّع.

World Language – STEM MODULE COVERSHEET Different "Faces" of the Moon

Different Faces of the Moon أوجه القمر المختلفة		
Select a volunteering student, مايكك (or any volunteer's name).		
	ت	
	the picture of the earth from Teachers' forehead to Michael's forehead.)	
	т:	
	يا مايكل، ستمسك الكرة التي هي القمر. ضع يدك بإتجاة المصباح/الشمس. قليلا فوق رأسك	
	تذكر أن رأسك هو الأرض والكرة هي القمر.	
	(Be sure the child holds the ball slightly above her/his head, so the head does not cast a shadow on the ball.)	
	T: (Turn to class)	
	يا طلاب دعونا نساعد مايكل على فهم هذا. ما هو رأس مايكل؟ ماذا يوجد في يد مايك؟	
	(The sun/the moon/the earth).	
	T:	
	لقد نسيت أن جهة واحدة للقمر تواجه الأرض دائماً لذلك دعونا نرسم وجه مبتسم على جهة الكرة التي تواجهنا	
	(Draw a happy face on the ball.)	
	تذكر يا مايكل عندما تدور أن يبقى الوجه المبتسم بإتجاهك.	
	T: (Motion Michael to turn and stop, about a quarter turn)	
	الآن سنلاحظ ماذا يحدث للقمر .	
	Call on a few students to stand behind Michael.	
	T:	
	يا طلاب، ماذا ترون على الكرة؟ هل يجعل الضوء الكرة تشبه القمر الجديد/ التربيع الأول/ التربيع الأخير/ البدر؟	
	Students respond.	
	Continue the turn and identification of the phases of the moon. Call on different students to be the volunteer and identifiers.	
	For example:	
	T:	
	انظروا! أرى الشمس مشرقة على القمر! الشمس تضيء جهة القمر هذه. إنها تشبه دائرة مثل البدر! يا طلاب هل تستطيعون أن تروا البدر ايضاً؟	
	نعم استطیع أن أرى البدر!	
	هل البدر مضيء أم معتم؟	
	البدر مضيء.!	
	دعونا نديره قليلاً.	

T:	
•	انظروا! ماذا أرى؟ الأن لا أرى إلا الجزء المضى دائرة. هل يستطيع أيا منكم أن يتذكر اسم هذه المر
Ss: (volunteering)	التربيع الأخير.
T:	دعونا نديره مرة أخرى.
T:	
	هل استطيع أن ارى الشمس مشرقة على القمر الآ المضيئة للقمر. الجهة المضيئة مختبئة على الجهة ما نسمي مرحلة القمر هذه؟
Ss: (volunteering)	القمر الجديد
T:	هل القمر الجديد مضييء أم معتم؟
Ss:	القمر الجديد معتم!
T:	
ن نرى القمر الجديد. إنه معتم. القمر الجديد معتم.	ممتاز! إنه القمر الجديد. في الحقيقة، لا نستطيع أر
Ss:	القمر الجديد معتم
T:	دعونا نديره مرة أخرى.
T:	
	أستطيع أن أرى ضوء الشمس مشرقة على القمر مشرقة على القمر مشرقة على القمر. هل يتذكر أيا منكم اسم مرحلة
Ss: (volunteering)	التربيع الأول!
T:	
	هل التربيع الأول دائري أو نصف دائري؟
Ss:.	التربيع الأول نصف دائري
T:	
مراحل القمر الأربع. ما هي؟	هذا صحيح. يشبه التربيع الأول. الآن لقد شاهدنا ه
Ss: respond	
Do the closing routine and remind stu ع أن نراقب القمر لنعرف في اي مرحلة هو. :T	

Different "Faces" of the Moon أوجه القمر المختلفة

Explanation

- Students explain their understanding of concepts and processes.
- New concepts and skills are introduced as conceptual clarity and cohesion are sought.

Moon Phases Chant - Turn! Turn! What Can You See? **Worksheet 2c** Do the opening routine. Ask students if they can figure out which phase the moon was, also using the picture from the Internet as part of the discussion.

Note: Although the moon phases cycle continuously, astronomers consider the New Moon to mark the beginning of the moon cycle which lasts between 27 1/3 to 29 1/2 days

Get a calendar and post several months on a wall or the white board of the classroom. Cut several sets of phases of the moon: New Moon, First Quarter Moon, Last Quarter Moon, and the Full Moon. (Note: many calendars already show the phases of the moon, so it should be possible to use an existing calendar for this activity.)

Start with several months' calendar that shows three moon cycles: http://www.moonconnection.com/moon phases calendar.phtml.

T: (Invite a student to identify where the New Moon is on a calendar.)

T:

عظيم. لنبدأ العد. دعونا نلاحظ كم يوماً هناك بين محاق ومحاق.

T: (Count with the students, starting from a New Moon)

(Record one Moon Phase. Repeat with other months. Students will see that each moon phase is slightly different, but it's between 27-29 days.)

T:

Note: Repeat the process starting with the first quarter moon. Have them first predict how many days there will be from one first quarter moon to the next, and then count them. Then find the number of days between each of the phases. Once this is done, put a couple of blank calendar posters on the white board or a wall. Invite volunteer students to paste pictures of different phases of the moon on the appropriate days. Start with a New Moon.

T:

الأن دعونا نتعلم انشودة عن مراحل القمر لتساعدنا على حفظها.

Worksheet 2c

دعوني اريكم كيف تفعلون ذلك.

Teacher says while making the motion. This is how the chant goes:

Different "Faces" of the Moon أوجه القمر المختلفة

يدور! يدور! ماذا ستطيع أن ىتى؟ هو مرحلة لا نستطيع ان نراها القمر الجديد لأن الجزء المضيء مختبيء عني يدور! يدور! ماذا ستنطيع أن تيى؟ أرى التربيع الأول ينظر إلى. يدور! يدور! ماذا بستطيع أن بدى؟ أرى البدر ينظر إلى. يدور! يدور! ماذا تستطيع أن ترى؟ التربيع الأخير ينظر إلى. Note: When students are comfortable with the chant, Teacher may randomly point at a moon phase on the calendar poster, and invite a volunteer student to do the chant for that phase of the moon. Do the closing routine. Elaboration **How the Moon Looks at Different Times** Do the opening routine. Activities allow

Different "Faces" of the Moon أوجه القمر المختلفة

students to apply concepts in contexts, and build on or extend understanding and skill.

T: . (Pointing at each of these) الآن دعونا نراجع ما فعلناه

(The sun and so on.) استعملنا مصباح وكرة وانفسنا

T:

هل يتذكر ايا منكم ما فعلناه لنغير الضوء المشرق على القمر؟

T: (Calls on one or more Ss.)

درنا!

T:

جيد جداً! درنا! دارت الأرض! هل دارت الكرة وهل دار القمر أيضاً؟

نعم الكرة دارت والقمر دار أيضاً.

T: ممتاز! نحن درنا والكرة دارت معنا . هذا يعني أن القمر دار مع الأرض. (Teacher picks up ball, and quickly demonstrates how Earth turned, and also how the moon turned around Earth.)

T: ولكن هل رأينا جهات مختلفة للقمر؟ أم رأينا نفس جهة القمر دائماً؟ (Remind students of the "happy face" if they can't remember it.)

Ss: نفس الجهة

T:

هذا صحيح، نرى نفس جهة القمر دائماً. عندما يدور القمر وتدور الأرض، تشرق الشمس على أجزاء مختلفة من الأرض والقمر. لكننا لا نرى إلا نفس جهة القمر ولذلك عندما تكون هذه الجهة من القمر معتمة، نرى القمر معتم. ولذلك يبدو القمر لنا بأن له مراحل عديدة.

T:

هل ايا منكم يستطيع أن يذكر مراحل القمر التي درسنا عنها؟

Ss:

القمر الجديد / التربيع الأول/ التربيع الأخير/ البدر.

Note: Earth *rotates* on its axis, and *revolves* around the sun. The moon also *rotates* on its axis and *revolves* around Earth. (Its rotations are in sync with Earth's rotations, which is why we only see one side of the moon.) For purposes of this demonstration with young children, it is best to keep the explanation simple.

T: عونا ننشد انشودة مراحل القمر معاً. (Repeat the chant with the class, using the motions.).

دعونا نحاول عرض هذه الأنشودة في مجموعات صغيرة.

Divide the class into groups of four. Distribute a phase to a student. That student will be responsible for chanting the phase of the moon. Give them a few minutes to practice, and then call on groups to perform.

Literacy time: Do the **Worksheet 2d**. Have students do peer editing. Collect worksheets.

	Do closing routine.
Evaluation • Students assess their knowledge, skills and abilities. Activities permit evaluation of student development and lesson effectiveness.	 Assessment: Students can Identify and name different phases of the moon Tell the relationship among the sun, the moon, and the earth Students perform one of the chants they learned The sun is like a ball of fire Turn! Turn! Chant

Teacher Reflections on Lesson 2 — – This is How the Moon Looks at Different Times هكذا يبدو القمر خلال أوقات مختلفة		
What worked well?		
What did not work well?		
What would I do differently?		
Other comments or notes		

Different "Faces" of the Moon أوجه القمر المختلفة Lesson 3 – If the Moon Were Cookies

لو كان القمر حلوة

Lesson 3 of 5 – If th	ne Moon Were Cookies Duration: 30 Minutes
Objectives	I can: استطیع Oral language: • وی، اسبوع، شهر، یبدو Literacy: • Label the phases of the Moon on the calendar and find the cycle patterns of the moon phases on the calendar. STEM and Other Subject Areas: • Observe moon calendar and name and label the phases of the moon. • Obtain information and communicate that there are tools that allow people to see more objects in the sky and in greater detail.
Vocabulary and Expressions	جدول زمنيّ، اسبوع، شهر، يبدو، مرحلة، قمر، دورة تغير، طبق، مراحل القمر، حلوى
Materials/ Resources	 Moon Phases calendars Colored pencils Printed paper Paper plates, enough for entire class Popsicle sticks Cream-filled sandwich cookies, enough for each student to have 4+ Internet access to Google for Moon Phases calendar photos of the different phases of the moon Worksheet 2a Worksheet 3a Worksheet 3b Worksheet 3b Worksheet 3c Worksheet 3c Worksheet 3c
Lesson Storyline and Core Text	In this lesson, teacher begins with a hands-on experiment, my cookie plate, and guides student review if the relationship among the moon, Earth, and the sun through the cookie activity. Students learned the moon, Earth, and sun relationship in earlier lessons. Students also learned a chant to help them to remember the lesson. Core Text:
	سنقوم بعمل نشاط آخر عن القمر!
	سنصنع " طبقي الشبيه بالقمر ". لكنهي أو لا أحتاج إلى مساعدتكم.
	أيّ مرحلة من مراحل القمر يجب أن نضعها هنا؟
	القمر الذي نراه في السماء يبدو أن شكله يتغيّر، هل تعرفون لماذا؟ أحياناً يكون بدراً ككرة دائرية وكبيرة

3 :3
وبعد ذلك يبدو أنه يختفي!
نرى بدراً. يبدأ يصغر.
بعد فترة من الزمن يصبح <u>نصف</u> كرة.
ثمّ لن تستطع أن تراه، يبدو أنه اختفى لكن بعد ذلك يظهر <u>نصف</u> كرة آخر
نین بعد دلت پیتھر <u>معنت</u> مرہ اعر ثم بھیدح کبیر ومستدیر مرہ ثانیة
ري يشع زاهياً علي و عليكم.
القَمر الجديد،
التربيع الأول،
البدر،
التربيع الثالث، وثمّ تستمر <u>مراحل القمر بدورتها مرة</u> بعد مرة
سمر <u>مراحل اسر بنورتها</u> مره بند مره

Key Elements	لو كان القمر حلوى – Lesson 3 Procedures
Engagement. Connections facilitated between what students know and can do	Lesson 3 Procedures — لو كان القرر حلوى My Moon Plate Do the opening routine and identify the current phase of the moon, from student observations and from the Internet picture. T: Note: Prepare paper/Styrofoam plates, preferably in black to represent the night sky. Prepare plain chocolate cookies, a can of plain vanilla cake frosting and a craft stick to spread frosting on the cookies, and a stick of glue to paste cookies to the plate. (or you may use cream-filled chocolate cookies instead) Put a picture of the earth in the center of the plate, as shown in the picture below. Tell students that we'll put the New Moon on the top of the circle, as shown.
	Note: Be sure to determine if any of the students are gluten-intolerant. For those students provide pictures of the cookies, or find a gluten-free alternative

Key Elements	لو كان القمر حلوى – Lesson 3 Procedures
	(parents can be helpful here).
	T: (Reviews each phase with Ss by pointing to the plate and saying) هذا طبقي الذي يشبه القمر. سأضع القمر الجديد هنا. (Invite a student to find the picture of the New Moon and post it at the spot the
	Teacher points.)
	T: أي مرحلة من مراحل القمر يجب أن نضعها هنا؟ (in counter-clockwise direction)? (Invite another student to find the picture of the next phase of the moon and post it on the plate. Ask the student or the class to name the phase. Repeat the process until all phases are done.)
	T: شاهدوا يا طلاب! استطيع أن أجعل هذه الحلوى تشبه المراحل المختلفة للقمر! (Show students a chocolate cookie as the New Moon. Place it at the 12:00 position on the paper plate. Spread vanilla frosting on another cookie to make different phases of the moon. Repeat statements and glue/paste the moon phase cookies counter-clockwise on the prepared plate.)
	Students watch as the teacher uses the cookies to depict the four phases of the moon. Involve students during the process.
	T: ستصنعون طبق حلوة القمر لوحدكم غداً. تأكدوا أن تتذكروا كل مراحل القمر.
	(See Worksheets 3c)
	Do the closing routine and the Moon Phase chant. Workbook 2d
Exploration • Objects and phenomena are	My Own Cookie Moon Plate T: (After the opening routine.) هل تتذكرون ماذا سنفعل اليوم؟
explored. • Hands-on	Ss: أطباق حلوة القمر .
activities, with	T: هل تتذكرون كيف تعملون هذه الأطباق.

Key Elements	لو کان القمر حلوی – Lesson 3 Procedures
guidance.	(Show the Cookie Moon Plate made yesterday and asks students to identify and name each phase.)
	Prepare enough plates and craft sticks, one for each student. Prepare a can of plain vanilla cake frosting and several sticks of glue for students to use. Distribute a picture of the earth and four chocolate cookies per student.
	Tell students that they must finish the task in 5 minutes. Once students are finished, show them how to label the phases. (Write the captions on the board or project them on a transparency.) Provide students with more cookies if they need them. Walk around to provide the necessary assistance and guidance.
	Note: Use self-adhesive address labels to write captions for the phases of the moon, one on each label. Peel the label from its backing and paste it on the Cookie Moon Plate under the appropriate moon phase. Involve students to help. This is an excellent literacy activity. Distribute 4 labels per student.
	Once students are finished, ask them to do peer editing with a partner. If there are mistakes, students may ask for more labels and paste the new one on top of the one with errors.
	Distribute cookies for the students to enjoy. Note: Be sure to supply an alternative snack for students who are glutenintolerant. While eating, they can show of their products and practice telling about them. Do the closing routines afterward.
Explanation ● Students explain their	For students with independent literacy skills: Write a Science Journal about My Own Moon Cookie
explain their understanding of concepts and	Do the opening routine. T:
processes.New concepts	هل استمتعتم بهذا النشاط أمس؟
and skills are introduced as conceptual clarity and cohesion are sought.	(Invite students to reflect why they like it. Provide vocabulary such as fun, delicious, like, remember)
	Show the class a copy of the Worksheet 3d . Ask students to help with completing the project. Distribute a copy of the Worksheet 3d to each student.
	Note: Tell the students that this is going to be their moon journal folder. Have them write their names and then draw pictures of the phases of the moon, leaving room to add labels. Remind them to put the phases in the correct order, starting with the New Moon. Circulate as they draw their pictures, and then have them do the labeling, using the model you have written on the board.
	Ask students to practice writing the labels on a separate sheet of paper. Do peer editing to ensure accuracy on the drawing, phases, and the writing. After each

اوجة القمر المحلقة	
Key Elements	لو كان القمر حلوى – Lesson 3 Procedures
	student receives the check from the teacher, he/she may write the labels on the worksheet.
	Do Gallery-Walk of the class to review the work.
	Do the closing routine, the Moon Chant.
Elaboration • Activities allow students to apply concepts in contexts, and build on or extend understanding and skill.	The MOON We All Can See Up In The SKY. Do the opening routines, calendar work, and review what they did yesterday (my Science Journal). T: عندي شعر عن القمر. عنوان الشعر هو" القمر الذي نستطيع أن نراه في السماء" Verse 1: REFRAIN:
	القمر الذي نستطيع أن نراه في ا <u>لسماء</u> (two fingers on eyes; one finger points up)
	یبدو أن <u>شکله یتغیّر</u> ، هل تعرف لماذا؟ (?Arms make different shapes overhead; shrug Why)
	أحياناً يكون <u>كاملاً</u> مثل كرة كبيرة ومستديرة (Arms out big and round overhead <i>)</i>
	وبعد ذلك يبدو انه يختفى (cross arms on chest)
	نستطيع أن نشرح سبب ذلك. الأرض تدور والقمر يدور. بعض أجزاء القمر لا تظهر . بعض أجزاء القمر لا تظهر . ضوء الشمس تشرق على اجزاء من القمر لا نراها. ضوء الشمس تشرق على اجزاء من القمر لا نراها. (point to sun; cover eyes) أجراء القمر هذه مختبئة عن انظارنا. (cover eyes; point to others, then to self)
	Verse 2: REFRAIN: القمر الذي نستطيع أن نراه في السماء القمر الذي نستطيع أن نراه في السماء (two fingers on eyes; one finger points up) يبدو أن شكله يتغيّر، هل تعرف لماذا؟ (Arms make different shapes overhead; shrug Why?) أحياناً يكون كاملاً مثل كرة كبيرة ومستديرة (Arms out big and round overhead) وبعد ذلك يبدو انه يختفي (cross arms on chest)

Key Elements	لو كان القمر حلوى – Lesson 3 Procedures
	نری بدراً ویبدو انه یصغر. (arms big and round overhead; one elbow moves forward) و بعد فترة من الزمن یکون نصف کرة فقط. (moving elbow stops in front of face) و بعد ذلك لا تستطیع ان تراه و یختفي. (cross arms on chest) لکن يظهر بعد ذلك نصف کرة آخر لکن يظهر بعد ذلك نصف کرة آخر (Make half ball with other elbow) و ثم يصبح كبير و مستدير مرة اخرى (arms big and round overhead) عشرق زاهياً على و عليكم. (point to others, then to self)
	قمر جدید (cross arms on chest) تربیع أول (arm and elbow make half moon) بدر (arms big and round overhead) تربیع ثالث، وثم (arm and other elbow make half moon) تستمر مراحل القمر بدورتها مرة بعد مرة
	(hands move in circular motion in front of body)
	Note: You may divide the class into several groups; each group is responsible for only two or three stanzas. For example, for Verse 1: Group A: القمر الذي نستطيع أن نراه في السماء المساء ا
	Group B: أحياناً يكون <u>كاملاً</u> مثل كرة كبيرة ومستديرة ومستديرة اله يختفي اله ليدو الله يختفي الم this choral recital way, each time a group recites, children need to remember only two lines instead of the entire verse. Once students have practiced and become comfortable with the verses, you may switch groups or lines so at the end, each student will have the opportunity to recite the entire chant. Tell students to practice the chant as homework in addition to observing the moon if they can.
Evaluation	We can chant the Moon we all can see up in the Sky.
Activities permit	Give students time to practice.

Key Elements	لو کان القمر حلوی – Lesson 3 Procedures
evaluation of student development and lesson effectiveness.	In small groups, students perform the Chant: القمر الذي نستطيع أن نراه في السماء

لو كان القمر حلوى Teacher Reflections on Lesson 3 —If the Moon were Cookie	
What worked well?	
What did not work well?	
What would I do differently?	
Other comments or notes	

Different "Faces" of the Moon أوجه القمر المختلفة

Lesson 4 – The Moon we can all see up in the Sky القمر الذي نراه في السماء

Lesson 4 of 5 – The Moon We Can All See Up in the Sky القمر الذي نراه في السماء		
Objectives	استطيع : Oral language: • Ask yes/no questions about the moon phases in the target language. • Answer yes/no questions in complete sentences about the moon phases in the target language. Literacy: • Recognize the words: التربيع الأول البدر الأرض رشمس مراحل القمر جدول زمني رشبه دائرة رنصف دائرة ردائرة القمر الجديد الثاني	
	 STEM and Other Subject Areas: Partition circles and rectangles into two or four equal shares, describe the shares using the worlds halves, fourths, and quarters, and use the phrases half of, fourth of, and quarter of. Record and share observations about how some events have cycles; whereas, other events have a clear beginning and end. Obtain information and share observations to determine simple patterns of natural objects in the sky. 	
Vocabulary and Expressions	Content obligatory language: •	
Materials/ Resources	 A calendar strings or tape to hang photo on back Sentence strips for students (Worksheet 4c) and large strips to be read, sorted and put in order on the magnet board or in the circle. (Note: this could also be done on a Smart Board.) computer USB microphones and speakers LCD projector speakers internet access to YouTube or DVD and DVD player of cookie monster video from day one Worksheet 2a - Prepare several sets of pictures of the number o	

	 Worksheet 4a – Chant: The Sun is like a ball of fire (expand) Moon Calendar with Captions
Lesson Storyline and Core Text	In this lesson, the teacher will help students summarize what they have learned from the moon module. Teacher guides students through the chants, experiments, nightly moon observations, and mini book making. At the end, each student will have a completed Moon Journal folder to review and keep.

Key Elements	القمر الذي نستطيع أن نراه في السهاء – Lesson 4 Procedures
Engagement • Object, event or	What Can I Tell Others about the Sun, the Moon, and the Earth? After the opening routine, do the expanded
question used to	,chant " الشمس تشبه كرة من النار "
engage students.Connections	Worksheet 4a
facilitated between	Prepare several sets of pictures of the
what students know and can do	الشمس، الأرض، والقمر، النهار، الليل، القمر الجديد، التربيع الأول، التربيع الأخير، والبدر
know ana can ao	as in PPT (or examples as seen below). Show corresponding pictures as reciting the chant:
	Sun Earth
	الشمس تشبه كرة من النار تعطينا الحرارة والضوء. عطينا الحرارة والضوء. عندما نرى الشمس، تندو السماء مضيئة. إنه النهار. عندما لا نستطيع أن نرى الشمس، تندو السماء معتمة. إنه الليل. نستطيع أن نرى القمر. في الليل.
	New:
	الأرض تدور حول الشمس، والقمر يدور مع الأرض.

Key Elements	القمر الذي نستطيع أن نراه في السهاء – Lesson 4 Procedures
	نرى مراحل القمر، القمر الجديد، التربيع الأول، البدر، والتربيع الأخير!
	Note: Randomly give pictures of these objects to students, one picture per student. Ask these students to stand in front of the class. When the class recites, the student with the picture of the object named will stand forward, preferably doing the motion as described.
	Distribute the rest of the pictures to other students. In this way, there will be several groups of students who can perform together. Have students practice and tell them that they will perform this the next day.
	Collect the pictures and attach pictures to students' backs, without showing the picture or telling them what picture they represent. Then the students circulate to try to find out who they "are." They may ask only one question of each person they talk with, going from person to person until they find out who they are. Before the activity begins, have the class brainstorm what questions they might ask: Am I the sun? Am I the moon? Am I the Earth? Am I a first-quarter moon? And so forth.
	Once the children find out who they are, they get a group together that consists of Earth, sun, full moon, last quarter, new moon, first quarter. When all the groups are formed, have each group member tell who they are for the class.
Exploration • Objects and phenomena are explored.	Work on My Moon Calendar After the opening routines. Do the chant performance and work on My Moon Calendar. The students should have all the days filled in, since the teacher has provided a picture of the moon every day and discussed it.
• Hands-on activities, with guidance.	Lead students to answer the following questions orally: 1. كم يوماً راقبت القمر؟ 2. كم مرحلة شاهدنا من مراحل القمر؟ 3. كم قمر جديد/ تربيع أول/ تربيع أخير/ بدراً يوجد على جدولك الزمنيّ؟ 4. هل تستطيع تسميتها علي الجدول؟
	A Star (bonus) question: نجمة (سؤال اضافيّ)
	هل يمكنك تخمين مرحلة القمر التالية؟ Instruct students to do Worksheet 4b . Keep their worksheet in their science journal folder.
	Do the closing routine.

Key Elements	القمر الذي نستطيع أن نراه في السهاء – Lesson 4 Procedures
Explanation • Students explain their	"يا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك"
understanding of concepts and processes.	Book. Lead students to read the book again. Invite different students to co-read.
	Task A: Ask students to identify each phase of the moon in the story.
	Task B: Make My Own <i>Papa</i> Book. Workbook 4c Bring out the large sentence strips for retelling the story, and give each student an envelope with the same sentence strips cut up. They will use these strips to create their own Papa book.
	Put the sentence strips in random order on the board (or in the center of the circle). Ask the students to take out their sentence strips and spread them out so they can look at them. Each student should also have a pencil.
	Read each sentence strip aloud, pointing to it on the board, but NOT in the correct order. Have students find the same strip in front of them and point to it. Continue until all the strips have been read. Then ask students:
	(Have students agree or disagree and finally settle on the correct segment—with teacher help, if necessary. After the correct segment is identified, have students put the number 1 on the back of the strip.) والأن، ما هو الشيء الذي يتبعه في قصنتا؟
	(Continue with each segment, always numbering on the back of the segment, so students will be confident as they arrange their books.)
	After reading, tell students that they will make their own Papa book. They are to paste the sentences in the correct order in their little books, one on a page. Then they are to choose four of their favorite parts of the story and draw a picture on those pages. They may draw more pictures if they wish, but they must draw at least four.
	The sentences are:
	 " اتمنى أن ألعب مع القمر". " يا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك". وضع بابا السلم الطويل جداً على الجبل. وتسلق إلى أعلى فأعلى. وصل بابا إلى القمر. وقال: "تر غب ابنتي بأن تلعب معك." قال القمر: " تستطيع أن تأخدني معك عندما يصبح حجمي مناسبا" صغر القمر أكثر فأكثر. أخذه بابا. قال بابا لمونكا: "ها هو القمر لقد جلبت لك ".

القمر الذي نستطيع أن نراه في السهاء – Lesson 4 Procedures
 8. قفزت مونكا ورقصت مع القمر. 9. ظل القمر يصغر ويصغر، وأخيراً اختفى. 10. ثمّ في ليلة من الليالي رأت مونكا القمر مرة أخرى.
Continue to finish the Papa book. Go through peer editing. Go around ensure accuracy.
Put "My Moon Journal folder" together
Lead students to reflect what they have done so far in this module: كتاب كارل ظبق حلوة المصباح طبق حلوة القمر الورقي الخاص بي ثلاث اناشيد: الشمس تشبه كرة من النار يدور! يدور! انشودة القمر الذي نستطيع أن نراه في السماء جدول الزمني للقمر ختاب بابا الخاص بي

Teacher Reflections on Lesson 4 – The Moon we can all see up in the Sky القمر الذي نستطيع ان نراه في السماء		
What worked well?		
What did not work well?		
What would I do differently?		
Other comments or notes		

Different "Faces" of the Moon أوجه القمر المختلفة

Lesson 5 – My Moon Story

Lesson 5 of 5	Duration: 30 Minutes
Objectives 3	I Can: استطيع Oral Language: • Ask and answer questions to name and tell about the moon phases, Earth and the sun. Literacy: • Read labels on pictures of moon phases (while matching them to drawings of moon shapes.) STEM And Other Subject Areas:
	 Record and Share observations about how some events have cycles: whereas, other events have a clear beginning and end Obtain information and share observations to determine simple patterns of natural objects in the sky.
Materials/Resources	 Moon Phases Photos, physically displayed in random order, Pencils, one per student Glue for each student Worksheet 5a – النصحيح الذاتيّ للطالب Worksheet 5b - ماذا تعلمت؟ Worksheet 5c - مقابلة الطالب
Review	جدول الزمنيّ للقمر (Worksheet 1a,1b,1c) يا بابا اجلب لي القمر من فضلك (Worksheet 1a,1b,1c) يا بابا الخاص بي (Worksheet 4c) كتاب بابا الخاص بي (Worksheet 2b) الشمس تشبه كرة من النار (Worksheet 2d) انشودة: يدور! يدور! (Worksheet 3b) انشودة: القمر الذي نستطيع ان نراه في السماء": طبقي لحلوة القمر صورتي لحلوة القمر جدول مراحل القمر وأشكال القمر الأربع

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Performance Assessment

Interpretive and Presentational Task

Creation of their own Papa book and reading the pages they illustrated:

Students walk around to view each other's books.

Each student will select another student's book to read to the class (illustrated segments only).

Interpretive Task

My Science Journal Folder:

Students' Science Journals will be on display.

Students will do a gallery walk and look at all the journals. When the time is up for the gallery walk, the will identify the partners for the Interpersonal Task.

Presentational Task

Each pair will report on the authors and the journals. They will talk about their interviews and their own work.

Rubrics for assessment:

T:

أحتاج إلى لحظة لأفكر بما فعلتم! لقد سلسلتم مراحال القمر الأربع وتكلمتم عنها. ضعوا علامة × في اسفل الوجه الذي يدل على كيف تشعر بخصوص عملك اليوم. هل عملت هذا لوحدك، هل احتجت إلى قليل من المساعدة، أو هل تحتاج إالى المزيد من التدريب على هذا العمل؟

(Guides students as needed to complete the self-assessments.)

Ss: (Complete self-assessments.) Worksheet 5b

Interpersonal Task

Partners will take turns interviewing each other about their journals, using the prompts from Worksheet **5c.**

What is the best part of your journal?

What are you proud of?

What will you show your family?

How many times did you watch the moon?

The teacher will first model the interview several times with volunteer students.

-	نشاط التقييم Teacher Reflections on Lesson 5 – <i>Assessment Task</i>
What worked well?	
What did not work well?	
What would I do differently?	
Other comments or notes.	