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Sec. 602 (19) PARENT - The term "parent" - (A) includes a legal guardian; and (B) except as used in sections 1415(b)(2) and 1439(a)(5) of this title, includes an individual assigned under either of those sections to be a surrogate parent.	Sec. 602 (23) PARENT - The term `parent' means— (A) a natural, adoptive, or foster parent of a child (unless a foster parent is prohibited by State law from serving as a parent); (B) a guardian (but not the State if the child is a ward of the State); (C) an individual acting in the place of a natural or adoptive parent (including a grandparent, stepparent, or other relative) with whom the child lives, or an individual who is legally responsible for the child's welfare; or (D) except as used in sections 615(b)(2) and 639(a)(5), an individual assigned under either of those sections to be a surrogate parent.	Informational Update 12, "Procedural Safeguards," Developed May 2005. IDEA Guide to "Frequently Asked Questions," Committee on Education and the Workforce, February 17, 2005 Request for Due Process Hearing Form to be provided at a later date. "Procedural Safeguards – Parental Rights" to be provided at a later date. Due process hearings are conducted in accordance with the Maryland Administrative Procedures Act (COMAR 28.02.01 – available through a link located on the MSDE website) See Informational Update 3 "Discipline of Students with Disabilities" and "Discipline Sec 615(k) Statutory Comparison" for information concerning Sec. 615(k)
Sec. 1415. Procedural Safeguards	Sec. 615. Procedural Safeguards	
(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCEDURES Any State educational agency, State agency, or local educational agency that receives	(a) ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCEDURES- Any State educational agency, State agency, or local educational agency that receives	

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assistance under this subchapter shall establish and maintain procedures in accordance with this section to ensure that children with disabilities and their parents are guaranteed procedural safeguards with respect to the provision of free appropriate public education by such agencies.	assistance under this part shall establish and maintain procedures in accordance with this section to ensure that children with disabilities and their parents are guaranteed procedural safeguards with respect to the provision of a free appropriate public education by such agencies.	
(b) TYPES OF PROCEDURES The procedures required by this section shall include - (1) an opportunity for the parents of a child with a disability to examine all records relating to such child and to participate in meetings with respect to the identification, evaluation, and educational placement of the child, and the provision of a free appropriate public education to such child, and to obtain an independent educational evaluation of the child; (2) procedures to protect the rights of the child whenever the parents of the child are not known, the agency cannot, after reasonable efforts, locate the parents, or the child is a ward of the State, including the assignment of an individual (who shall not be an employee of the State educational agency, the local	(b) TYPES OF PROCEDURES- The procedures required by this section shall include the following: (1) An opportunity for the parents of a child with a disability to examine all records relating to such child and to participate in meetings with respect to the identification, evaluation, and educational placement of the child, and the provision of a free appropriate public education to such child, and to obtain an independent educational evaluation of the child. (2)(A) Procedures to protect the rights of the child whenever the parents of the child are not known, the agency cannot, after reasonable efforts, locate the parents, or the child is a ward of the State, including the assignment of an individual to act as a surrogate for the parents, which surrogate shall not be an employee of the State educational agency,	

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educational agency, or any other agency that is involved in the education or care of the child) to act as a surrogate for the parents; (3) written prior notice to the parents of the child whenever such agency - (A) proposes to initiate or change; or (B) refuses to initiate or change; the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child, in accordance with	the local educational agency, or any other agency that is involved in the education or care of the child. In the case of (i) a child who is a ward of the State, such surrogate may alternatively be appointed by the judge overseeing the child's care provided that the surrogate meets the requirements of this paragraph; and (ii) an unaccompanied homeless youth as defined in section 725(6) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(6)), the local educational agency shall appoint a surrogate in accordance with this paragraph. (B) The State shall make reasonable efforts to ensure the assignment of a surrogate not more than 30 days after there is a determination by the agency that the child needs a surrogate. (3) Written prior notice to the parents of the child, in accordance with subsection (c)(1), whenever the local educational agency(A) proposes to initiate or change; or (B) refuses to initiate or change, the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to the child.	

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provision of a free appropriate public education to the child; (4) procedures designed to ensure that the notice required by paragraph (3) is in the native language of the parents, unless it clearly is not feasible to do so; (5) an opportunity for mediation in accordance with subsection (e) of this section; (6) an opportunity to present complaints with respect to any matter relating to the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to such child;	(4) Procedures designed to ensure that the notice required by paragraph (3) is in the native language of the parents, unless it clearly is not feasible to do so. (5) An opportunity for mediation, in accordance with subsection (e). (6) An opportunity for any party to present a complaint (A) with respect to any matter relating to the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of the child, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to such child; and (B) which sets forth an alleged violation that occurred not more than 2 years before the date the parent or public agency knew or should have known about the alleged action that forms the basis of the complaint, or, if the State has an explicit time limitation for presenting such a complaint under this part, in such time as the State law allows, except that the exceptions to the timeline described in subsection (f)(3)(D) shall apply to the timeline described in this subparagraph. (7)(A) Procedures that require either party, or the attorney representing a party, to provide	
(1) procedures that require the parefit of a	ine attorney representing a party, to provide	

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child with a disability, or the attorney representing the child, to provide notice (which shall remain confidential) — (A) to the State educational agency or local educational agency, as the case may be, in the complaint filed under paragraph (6); and (B) that shall include - (i) the name of the child, the address of the residence of the child, and the name of the school the child is attending;	due process complaint notice in accordance with subsection (c)(2) (which shall remain confidential) (i) to the other party, in the complaint filed under paragraph (6), and forward a copy of such notice to the State educational agency; and (ii) that shall include (I) the name of the child, the address of the residence of the child (or available contact information in the case of a homeless child), and the name of the school the child is attending; (II) in the case of a homeless child or youth (within the meaning of section 725(2) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11434a(2)), available contact information for the child and the name of	
(ii) a description of the nature of the problem of the child relating to such proposed initiation or change, including facts relating to such problem; and (iii) a proposed resolution of the problem to the extent known and available to the parents at the time; and	the school the child is attending; (III) a description of the nature of the problem of the child relating to such proposed initiation or change, including facts relating to such problem; and (IV) a proposed resolution of the problem to the extent known and available to the party at the time. (B) A requirement that a party may not have a due process hearing until the party, or the	

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(8) procedures that require the State educational agency to develop a model form to assist parents in filing a complaint in accordance with paragraph (7).	attorney representing the party, files a notice that meets the requirements of subparagraph (A)(ii). (8) Procedures that require the State educational agency to develop a model form to assist parents in filing a complaint and due process complaint notice in accordance with paragraphs (6) and (7), respectively.	
(c) Content of prior written notice The notice required by subsection (b)(3) of this section shall include - (1) a description of the action proposed or refused by the agency; (2) an explanation of why the agency proposes or refuses to take the action; (3) a description of any other options that the agency considered and the reasons why those options were rejected; (4) a description of each evaluation procedure, test, record, or report the agency used as a basis for the proposed or refused action; (5) a description of any other factors that are relevant to the agency's proposal or refusal; (6) a statement that the parents of a child with a disability have protection under the procedural safeguards of this subchapter and,	(c) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS- (1) CONTENT OF PRIOR WRITTEN NOTICE- The notice required by subsection (b)(3) shall include (A) a description of the action proposed or refused by the agency; (B) an explanation of why the agency proposes or refuses to take the action and a description of each evaluation procedure, assessment, record, or report the agency used as a basis for the proposed or refused action; (C) a statement that the parents of a child with a disability have protection under the procedural safeguards of this part and, if this notice is not an initial referral for evaluation, the means by which a copy of a description of the procedural safeguards can be obtained; (D) sources for parents to contact to obtain assistance in understanding the provisions of	

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if this notice is not an initial referral for evaluation, the means by which a copy of a description of the procedural safeguards can be obtained; and (7) sources for parents to contact to obtain assistance in understanding the provisions of this subchapter.	this part; (E) a description of other options considered by the IEP Team and the reason why those options were rejected; and (F) a description of the factors that are relevant to the agency's proposal or refusal. (2) DUE PROCESS COMPLAINT NOTICE- (A) COMPLAINT- The due process complaint notice required under subsection (b)(7)(A) shall be deemed to be sufficient unless the party receiving the notice notifies the hearing officer and the other party in writing that the receiving party believes the notice has not met the requirements of subsection (b)(7)(A). (B) RESPONSE TO COMPLAINT- (i) LOCAL EDUCATIONAL AGENCY RESPONSE- (I) IN GENERAL- If the local educational agency has not sent a prior written notice to the parent regarding the subject matter contained in the parent's due process complaint notice, such local educational agency shall, within 10 days of receiving the complaint, send to the parent a response that shall include (aa) an explanation of why the agency	

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	proposed or refused to take the action	
	raised in the complaint;	
	(bb) a description of other options that the	
	IEP Team considered and the reasons why	
	those options were rejected;	
	(cc) a description of each evaluation procedure, assessment, record, or report	
	the agency used as the basis for the	
	proposed or refused action; and	
	(dd) a description of the factors that are	
	relevant to the agency's proposal or	
	refusal.	
	(II) SUFFICIENCY- A response filed by a	
	local educational agency pursuant to	
	subclause (I) shall not be construed to	
	preclude such local educational agency	
	from asserting that the parent's due	
	process complaint notice was insufficient	
	where appropriate.	
	(ii) OTHER PARTY RESPONSE- Except as	
	provided in clause (i), the non-complaining	
	party shall, within 10 days of receiving the	
	complaint, send to the complaint a	
	response that specifically addresses the	
	issues raised in the complaint.	
	(C) TIMING- The party providing a hearing officer notification under subparagraph (A)	
	,	
	shall provide the notification within 15 days	

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	of receiving the complaint. (D) DETERMINATION- Within 5 days of receipt of the notification provided under subparagraph (C), the hearing officer shall make a determination on the face of the notice of whether the notification meets the requirements of subsection (b)(7)(A), and shall immediately notify the parties in writing of such determination. (E) AMENDED COMPLAINT NOTICE- (i) IN GENERAL- A party may amend its due process complaint notice only if (I) the other party consents in writing to such amendment and is given the opportunity to resolve the complaint through a meeting held pursuant to subsection (f)(1)(B); or (II) the hearing officer grants permission, except that the hearing officer may only grant such permission at any time not later than 5 days before a due process hearing occurs. (ii) APPLICABLE TIMELINE- The applicable timeline for a due process hearing under this part shall recommence at the time the party files an amended notice, including the timeline under subsection (f)(1)(B).	

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(d) Procedural safeguards notice (1) In general A copy of the procedural safeguards available to the parents of a child with a disability shall be given to the parents, at a minimum - (A) upon initial referral for evaluation;	(d) PROCEDURAL SAFEGUARDS NOTICE- (1) IN GENERAL- (A) COPY TO PARENTS- A copy of the procedural safeguards available to the parents of a child with a disability shall be given to the parents only 1 time a year, except that a copy also shall be given to the parents- (i) upon initial referral or parental request for evaluation;	
	(ii) upon the first occurrence of the filing of a complaint under subsection (b)(6); and (iii) upon request by a parent. (B) INTERNET WEBSITE- A local	
(B) upon each notification of an individualized	educational agency may place a current	
education program meeting and upon	copy of the procedural safeguards notice	
reevaluation of the child; and	on its Internet website if such website	
(C) upon registration of a complaint under	exists.	
subsection (b)(6) of this section. (2) Contents	(2) CONTENTS- The procedural safeguards notice shall include a full explanation of the	
The procedural safeguards notice shall include	procedural safeguards, written in the native	
a full explanation of the procedural safeguards,	language of the parents (unless it clearly is not	
written in the native language of the parents,	feasible to do so) and written in an easily	
unless it clearly is not feasible to do so, and	understandable manner, available under this	
written in an easily understandable manner,	section and under regulations promulgated by	
available under this section and under	the Secretary relating to	
regulations promulgated by the Secretary	(A) independent educational evaluation;	
relating to -	(B) prior written notice;	
(A) independent educational evaluation;	(C) parental consent;	

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(B) prior written notice;	(D) access to educational records;	
(C) parental consent;	(E) the opportunity to present and resolve	
(D) access to educational records;	complaints, including	
(E) opportunity to present complaints;	(i) the time period in which to make a	
	complaint;	
	(ii) the opportunity for the agency to	
	resolve the complaint; and	
	(iii) the availability of mediation;	
	(F) the child's placement during pendency of	
(F) the child's placement during pendency of	due process proceedings;	
due process proceedings;	(G) procedures for students who are subject to	
(G) procedures for students who are subject to	placement in an interim alternative educational	
placement in an interim alternative educational	setting;	
setting;	(H) requirements for unilateral placement by	
(H) requirements for unilateral placement by	parents of children in private schools at public	
parents of children in private schools at public	expense;	
expense;	(I) due process hearings, including	
(I) mediation;	requirements for disclosure of evaluation	
(J) due process hearings, including	results and recommendations;	
requirements for disclosure of evaluation	(J) State-level appeals (if applicable in that	
results and recommendations;	State);	
(K) State-level appeals (if applicable in that	(K) civil actions, including the time period in	
State);	which to file such actions; and	
(L) civil actions; and	(L) attorneys' fees.	
(M) attorneys' fees.	(e) MEDIATION-	
(e) Mediation	(1) IN GENERAL- Any State educational	
(1) In general	agency or local educational agency that	
Any State educational agency or local	receives assistance under this part shall	

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educational agency that receives assistance	ensure that procedures are established and	
under this subchapter shall ensure that	implemented to allow parties to disputes	
procedures are established and implemented	involving any matter, including matters	
to allow parties to disputes involving any	arising prior to the filing of a complaint	
matter described in subsection (b)(6) of this	pursuant to subsection (b)(6), to resolve such	
section to resolve such disputes through a	disputes through a mediation process.	
mediation process which, at a minimum, shall		
be available whenever a hearing is		
requested under subsection (f) or (k) of this		
section.	(2) REQUIREMENTS- Such procedures shall	
(2) Requirements	meet the following requirements:	
Such procedures shall meet the following	(A) The procedures shall ensure that the	
requirements:	mediation process	
(A) The procedures shall ensure that the	(i) is voluntary on the part of the parties;	
mediation process -	(ii) is not used to deny or delay a parent's right	
(i) is voluntary on the part of the parties;	to a due process hearing under subsection (f),	
(ii) is not used to deny or delay a parent's right	or to deny any other rights afforded under this	
to a due process hearing under subsection (f)	part; and	
of this section, or to deny any other rights	(iii) is conducted by a qualified and impartial	
afforded under this subchapter; and	mediator who is trained in effective mediation	
(iii) is conducted by a qualified and impartial	techniques.	
mediator who is trained in effective mediation		
techniques.	(B) OPPORTUNITY TO MEET WITH A	
(B) A local educational agency or a State	DISINTERESTED PARTY- A local educational	
agency may establish procedures to require	agency or a State agency may establish	
parents who choose not to use the mediation	procedures to offer to parents and schools	
process to meet, at a time and location	that choose not to use the mediation process,	
convenient to the parents, with a disinterested	an opportunity to meet, at a time and location	

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party who is under contract with -	convenient to the parents, with a disinterested	
	party who is under contract with	
	(i) a parent training and information center or	
(i) a parent training and information center or	community parent resource center in the State	
community parent resource center in the State	established under section 671 or 672; or	
established under section 1482 or 1483 of this	(")	
title; or	(ii) an appropriate alternative dispute resolution	
(ii) an appropriate alternative dispute resolution	entity, to encourage the use, and explain the	
entity; to encourage the use, and explain the	benefits, of the mediation process to the	
benefits, of the mediation process to the	parents.	
parents.	(C) LIST OF QUALIFIED MEDIATORS- The State shall maintain a list of individuals who	
(C) The State shall maintain a list of individuals who are qualified mediators and	are qualified mediators and knowledgeable in	
knowledgeable in laws and regulations	laws and regulations relating to the provision of	
relating to the provision of special education	special education and related services.	
and related services.	(D) COSTS- The State shall bear the cost of	
(D) The State shall bear the cost of the	the mediation process, including the costs of	
mediation process, including the costs of	meetings described in subparagraph (B).	
meetings described in subparagraph (B).	(E) SCHEDULING AND LOCATION- Each	
(E) Each session in the mediation process	session in the mediation process shall be	
shall be scheduled in a timely manner and	scheduled in a timely manner and shall be held	
shall be held in a location that is convenient to	in a location that is convenient to the parties to	
the parties to the dispute.	the dispute.	
i '	(F) WRITTEN AGREEMENT- In the case that	
(F) An agreement reached by the parties to the	a resolution is reached to resolve the	
dispute in the mediation process shall be set	complaint through the mediation process, the	
forth in a written mediation agreement.	parties shall execute a legally binding	
	agreement that sets forth such resolution	

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	and that	
	(i) states that all discussions that occurred	
	during the mediation process shall be	
	confidential and may not be used as	
	evidence in any subsequent due process	
	hearing or civil proceeding;	
	(ii) is signed by both the parent and a	
	representative of the agency who has the authority to bind such agency; and	
	(iii) is enforceable in any State court of	
	competent jurisdiction or in a district court	
	of the United States.	
	(G) MEDIATION DISCUSSIONS- Discussions	
(G) Discussions that occur during the	that occur during the mediation process shall	
mediation process shall be confidential and	be confidential and may not be used as	
may not be used as evidence in any	evidence in any subsequent due process	
subsequent due process hearings or civil	hearing or civil proceeding.	
proceedings and the parties to the mediation		
process may be required to sign a		
confidentiality pledge prior to the	(0 HADADTIAL DUE DD 00500 HEADING	
commencement of such process.	(f) IMPARTIAL DUE PROCESS HEARING-	
(f) Impartial due process hearing	(1) IN GENERAL-	
(1) In general	(A) HEARING- Whenever a complaint has	
Whenever a complaint has been received	been received under subsection (b)(6) or (k), the parents or the local educational agency	
under subsection (b)(6) or (k) of this section, the parents involved in such complaint shall	involved in such complaint shall have an	
have an opportunity for an impartial due	opportunity for an impartial due process	
process hearing, which shall be conducted by	hearing, which shall be conducted by the State	

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the State educational agency or by the local educational agency, as determined by State law or by the State educational agency.	educational agency or by the local educational agency, as determined by State law or by the State educational agency. (B) RESOLUTION SESSION- (i) PRELIMINARY MEETING- Prior to the opportunity for an impartial due process hearing under subparagraph (A), the local educational agency shall convene a meeting with the parents and the relevant member or members of the IEP Team who have specific knowledge of the facts identified in the complaint (I) within 15 days of receiving notice of the parents' complaint; (II) which shall include a representative of the agency who has decisionmaking authority on behalf of such agency; (III) which may not include an attorney of the local educational agency unless the parent is accompanied by an attorney; and (IV) where the parents of the child discuss their complaint, and the facts that form the basis of the complaint, and the local educational agency is provided the opportunity to resolve the complaint, unless the parents and the local educational agency agree in writing to waive such meeting, or agree to use the	

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IDEA 1997 P.L. 105 – 17	mediation process described in subsection (e). (ii) HEARING- If the local educational agency has not resolved the complaint to the satisfaction of the parents within 30 days of the receipt of the complaint, the due process hearing may occur, and all of the applicable timelines for a due process hearing under this part shall commence. (iii) WRITTEN SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT- In the case that a resolution is reached to resolve the complaint at a meeting described in clause (i), the parties shall execute a legally binding agreement that is- (I) signed by both the parent and a	GUIDANCE
	representative of the agency who has the authority to bind such agency; and (II) enforceable in any State court of competent jurisdiction or in a district court of the United States. (iv) REVIEW PERIOD- If the parties execute	
(2) Disclosure of evaluations and recommendations	an agreement pursuant to clause (iii), a party may void such agreement within 3 business days of the agreement's execution. (2) DISCLOSURE OF EVALUATIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS- (A) IN GENERAL- Not less than 5 business	

STATUTORY COMPARISON

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(A) In general At least 5 business days prior to a hearing conducted pursuant to paragraph (1), each party shall disclose to all other parties all evaluations completed by that date and recommendations based on the offering party's evaluations that the party intends to use at the hearing.	days prior to a hearing conducted pursuant to paragraph (1), each party shall disclose to all other parties all evaluations completed by that date, and recommendations based on the offering party's evaluations, that the party intends to use at the hearing. (B) FAILURE TO DISCLOSE- A hearing officer	
(B) Failure to disclose A hearing officer may bar any party that fails to comply with subparagraph (A) from introducing the relevant evaluation or recommendation at the hearing without the consent of the other	may bar any party that fails to comply with subparagraph (A) from introducing the relevant evaluation or recommendation at the hearing without the consent of the other party.	
party. (3) Limitation on conduct of hearing A hearing conducted pursuant to paragraph (1) may not be conducted by an employee of the State educational agency or the local	(3) LIMITATIONS ON HEARING- (A) PERSON CONDUCTING HEARING- A hearing officer conducting a hearing pursuant to paragraph (1)(A) shall, at a minimum (i) not be	
educational agency involved in the education or care of the child.	(I) an employee of the State educational agency or the local educational agency involved in the education or care of the child; or (II) a person having a personal or	
	professional interest that conflicts with the person's objectivity in the hearing; (ii) possess knowledge of, and the ability to understand, the provisions of this title, Federal and State regulations pertaining to	

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	this title, and legal interpretations of this	
	title by Federal and State courts;	
	(iii) possess the knowledge and ability to	
	conduct hearings in accordance with	
	appropriate, standard legal practice; and	
	(iv) possess the knowledge and ability to	
	render and write decisions in accordance	
	with appropriate, standard legal practice.	
	(B) SUBJECT MATTER OF HEARING- The	
	party requesting the due process hearing	
	shall not be allowed to raise issues at the	
	due process hearing that were not raised in	
	the notice filed under subsection (b)(7),	
	unless the other party agrees otherwise.	
	(C) TIMELINE FOR REQUESTING HEARING-	
	A parent or agency shall request an	
	impartial due process hearing within 2	
	years of the date the parent or agency knew	
	or should have known about the alleged	
	action that forms the basis of the	
	complaint, or, if the State has an explicit	
	time limitation for requesting such a	
	hearing under this part, in such time as the	
	State law allows.	
	(D) EXCEPTIONS TO THE TIMELINE- The	
	timeline described in subparagraph (C)	
	shall not apply to a parent if the parent was	
	prevented from requesting the hearing due	

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IDEA 1997 P.L. 105 – 17	to (i) specific misrepresentations by the local educational agency that it had resolved the problem forming the basis of the complaint; or (ii) the local educational agency's withholding of information from the parent that was required under this part to be provided to the parent. (E) DECISION OF HEARING OFFICER- (i) IN GENERAL- Subject to clause (ii), a decision made by a hearing officer shall be made on substantive grounds based on a determination of whether the child received a free appropriate public education. (ii) PROCEDURAL ISSUES- In matters alleging a procedural violation, a hearing officer may find that a child did not receive a free appropriate public education only if	GUIDANCE
	determination of whether the child received a free appropriate public education. (ii) PROCEDURAL ISSUES- In matters alleging a procedural violation, a hearing officer may find that a child did not receive a free appropriate public education only if	
	the procedural inadequacies (I) impeded the child's right to a free appropriate public education; (II) significantly impeded the parents' opportunity to participate in the decisionmaking process regarding the provision of a free appropriate public	
	education to the parents' child; or (III) caused a deprivation of educational	

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(g) Appeal If the hearing required by subsection (f) of this section is conducted by a local educational agency, any party aggrieved by the findings and decision rendered in such a hearing may appeal such findings and decision to the State educational agency. Such agency shall conduct an impartial review of such decision. The officer conducting such review shall make an independent decision upon completion of such review.	benefits. (iii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION- Nothing in this subparagraph shall be construed to preclude a hearing officer from ordering a local educational agency to comply with procedural requirements under this section. (F) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION- Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed to affect the right of a parent to file a complaint with the State educational agency. (g) APPEAL- (1) IN GENERAL- If the hearing required by subsection (f) is conducted by a local educational agency, any party aggrieved by the findings and decision rendered in such a hearing may appeal such findings and decision to the State educational agency. (2) IMPARTIAL REVIEW AND INDEPENDENT DECISION- The State educational agency shall conduct an impartial review of the findings and decision appealed under paragraph (1). The officer conducting such review shall make an independent decision upon completion of such review.	
	(h) SAFEGUARDS- Any party to a hearing	
(h) Safeguards	conducted pursuant to subsection (f) or (k), or	
Any party to a hearing conducted pursuant to	an appeal conducted pursuant to subsection	

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subsection (f) or (k) of this section, or an appeal conducted pursuant to subsection (g) of this section, shall be accorded -	(g), shall be accorded(1) the right to be accompanied and advised by counsel and by individuals with special	
(1) the right to be accompanied and advised by counsel and by individuals with special	knowledge or training with respect to the problems of children with disabilities;	
knowledge or training with respect to the problems of children with disabilities;	(2) the right to present evidence and confront, cross-examine, and compel the attendance of	
(2) the right to present evidence and confront, cross-examine, and compel the attendance of	witnesses; (3) the right to a written, or, at the option of the	
witnesses; (3) the right to a written, or, at the option of the	parents, electronic verbatim record of such hearing; and	
parents, electronic verbatim record of such hearing; and	(4) the right to written, or, at the option of the parents, electronic findings of fact and	
(4) the right to written, or, at the option of the parents, electronic findings of fact and	decisions, which findings and decisions (A) shall be made available to the public	
decisions (which findings and decisions shall be made available to the public consistent with	consistent with the requirements of section 617(b) (relating to the confidentiality of data,	
the requirements of section 1417(c) of this title (relating to the confidentiality of data,	information, and records); and (B) shall be transmitted to the advisory panel	
information, and records) and shall also be transmitted to the advisory panel established pursuant to section 1412(a)(21) of this title).	established pursuant to section 612(a)(21).	
	(i) ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES- (1) IN GENERAL-	
(i) Administrative procedures (1) In general	(A) DECISION MADE IN HEARING- A	
(A) Decision made in hearing A decision made in a hearing conducted	decision made in a hearing conducted pursuant to subsection (f) or (k) shall be final,	
pursuant to subsection (f) or (k) of this section	except that any party involved in such hearing	

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may appeal such decision under the provisions of subsection (g) and paragraph (2). (B) DECISION MADE AT APPEAL- A decision made under subsection (g) shall be final, except that any party may bring an action under paragraph (2).	
(2) RIGHT TO BRING CIVIL ACTION- (A) IN GENERAL- Any party aggrieved by the findings and decision made under subsection (f) or (k) who does not have the right to an appeal under subsection (g), and any party aggrieved by the findings and decision made under this subsection, shall have the right to bring a civil action with respect to the complaint presented pursuant to this section, which action may be brought in any State court of competent jurisdiction or in a district court of the United States, without regard to the amount in controversy. (B) LIMITATION- The party bringing the action shall have 90 days from the date of the decision of the hearing officer to bring such an action, or, if the State has an explicit time limitation for bringing such action under this part, in such time as the	
	may appeal such decision under the provisions of subsection (g) and paragraph (2). (B) DECISION MADE AT APPEAL- A decision made under subsection (g) shall be final, except that any party may bring an action under paragraph (2). (2) RIGHT TO BRING CIVIL ACTION- (A) IN GENERAL- Any party aggrieved by the findings and decision made under subsection (f) or (k) who does not have the right to an appeal under subsection (g), and any party aggrieved by the findings and decision made under this subsection, shall have the right to bring a civil action with respect to the complaint presented pursuant to this section, which action may be brought in any State court of competent jurisdiction or in a district court of the United States, without regard to the amount in controversy. (B) LIMITATION- The party bringing the action shall have 90 days from the date of the decision of the hearing officer to bring such an action, or, if the State has an explicit time limitation for bringing such

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(B) Additional requirements In any action brought under this paragraph, the court - (i) shall receive the records of the administrative proceedings; (ii) shall hear additional evidence at the request of a party; and (iii) basing its decision on the preponderance of the evidence, shall grant such relief as the court determines is appropriate. (3) Jurisdiction of district courts; attorneys' fees (A) In general The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction of actions brought under this section without regard to the amount in controversy. (B) Award of attorneys' fees In any action or proceeding brought under this section, the court, in its discretion, may award	(C) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS- In any action brought under this paragraph, the court- (i) shall receive the records of the administrative proceedings; (ii) shall hear additional evidence at the request of a party; and (iii) basing its decision on the preponderance of the evidence, shall grant such relief as the court determines is appropriate. (3) JURISDICTION OF DISTRICT COURTS; ATTORNEYS' FEES- (A) IN GENERAL- The district courts of the United States shall have jurisdiction of actions brought under this section without regard to the amount in controversy. (B) AWARD OF ATTORNEYS' FEES- (i) IN GENERAL- In any action or proceeding brought under this section, the court, in its discretion, may award reasonable attorneys'	
reasonable attorneys' fees as part of the costs to the parents of a child with a disability who is the prevailing party.	fees as part of the costs (I) to a prevailing party who is the parent of a child with a disability;	
	(II) to a prevailing party who is a State educational agency or local educational agency against the attorney of a parent	
	who files a complaint or subsequent cause	

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	of action that is frivolous, unreasonable, or	
	without foundation, or against the attorney	
	of a parent who continued to litigate after	
	the litigation clearly became frivolous,	
	unreasonable, or without foundation; or	
	(III) to a prevailing State educational agency	
	or local educational agency against the	
	attorney of a parent, or against the parent,	
	if the parent's complaint or subsequent	
	cause of action was presented for any	
	improper purpose, such as to harass, to	
	cause unnecessary delay, or to needlessly	
	increase the cost of litigation.	
	(ii) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION- Nothing in	
	this subparagraph shall be construed to affect section 327 of the District of	
	Columbia Appropriations Act, 2005. (C) DETERMINATION OF AMOUNT OF	
(C) Determination of amount of attorneys' fees	ATTORNEYS' FEES- Fees awarded under this	
Fees awarded under this paragraph shall be	paragraph shall be based on rates prevailing in	
based on rates prevailing in the community in	the community in which the action or	
which the action or proceeding arose for the	proceeding arose for the kind and quality of	
kind and quality of services furnished. No	services furnished. No bonus or multiplier may	
bonus or multiplier may be used in calculating	be used in calculating the fees awarded under	
the fees awarded under this subsection.	this subsection.	
	(D) PROHIBITION OF ATTORNEYS' FEES	
(D) Prohibition of attorneys' fees and related	AND RELATED COSTS FOR CERTAIN	
costs for certain services	SERVICES-	

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(i) IN GENERAL- Attorneys' fees may not be	
awarded and related costs may not be	
reimbursed in any action or proceeding under	
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be considered	
	(i) IN GENERAL- Attorneys' fees may not be awarded and related costs may not be reimbursed in any action or proceeding under this section for services performed subsequent to the time of a written offer of settlement to a parent if (I) the offer is made within the time prescribed by Rule 68 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or, in the case of an administrative proceeding, at any time more than 10 days before the proceeding begins; (II) the offer is not accepted within 10 days; and (III) the court or administrative hearing officer finds that the relief finally obtained by the parents is not more favorable to the parents than the offer of settlement. (ii) IEP TEAM MEETINGS- Attorneys' fees may not be awarded relating to any meeting of the IEP Team unless such meeting is convened as a result of an administrative proceeding or judicial action, or, at the discretion of the State, for a mediation described in subsection (e). (iii) OPPORTUNITY TO RESOLVE COMPLAINTS- A meeting conducted pursuant to subsection (f)(1)(B)(i) shall not

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	(I) a meeting convened as a result of an administrative hearing or judicial action; or (II) an administrative hearing or judicial action for purposes of this paragraph.	
(E) EXCEPTION TO PROHIBITION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES AND RELATED COSTS-Notwithstanding subparagraph (D), an award of attorneys' fees and related costs may be made to a parent who is the prevailing party and who was substantially justified in rejecting the settlement offer. (F) REDUCTION IN AMOUNT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES - Except as provided in subparagraph (G), whenever the court finds that - (i) the parent, during the course of the action or proceeding, unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the controversy; (ii) the amount of the attorneys' fees otherwise authorized to be awarded unreasonably exceeds the hourly rate prevailing in the community for similar services by attorneys of reasonably comparable skill, reputation, and experience; (iii) the time spent and legal services furnished	(E) EXCEPTION TO PROHIBITION ON ATTORNEYS' FEES AND RELATED COSTS-Notwithstanding subparagraph (D), an award of attorneys' fees and related costs may be made to a parent who is the prevailing party and who was substantially justified in rejecting the settlement offer. (F) REDUCTION IN AMOUNT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES- Except as provided in subparagraph (G), whenever the court finds that (i) the parent, or the parent's attorney, during the course of the action or proceeding, unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the controversy; (ii) the amount of the attorneys' fees otherwise authorized to be awarded unreasonably exceeds the hourly rate prevailing in the community for similar services by attorneys of reasonably comparable skill, reputation, and experience; (iii) the time spent and legal services furnished	

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were excessive considering the nature of the action or proceeding; or (iv) the attorney representing the parent did not provide to the school district the appropriate information in the due process complaint in accordance with subsection (b)(7) of this section; the court shall reduce, accordingly, the amount of the attorneys' fees awarded under this section.	were excessive considering the nature of the action or proceeding; or (iv) the attorney representing the parent did not provide to the local educational agency the appropriate information in the notice of the complaint described in subsection (b)(7)(A), the court shall reduce, accordingly, the amount of the attorneys' fees awarded under this section.	
(G) Exception to reduction in amount of attorneys' fees - The provisions of subparagraph (F) shall not apply in any action or proceeding if the court finds that the State or local educational agency unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the action or proceeding or there was a violation of this section.	(G) EXCEPTION TO REDUCTION IN AMOUNT OF ATTORNEYS' FEES- The provisions of subparagraph (F) shall not apply in any action or proceeding if the court finds that the State or local educational agency unreasonably protracted the final resolution of the action or proceeding or there was a violation of this section.	
(j) Maintenance of current educational placement - Except as provided in subsection (k)(7) of this section, during the pendency of any proceedings conducted pursuant to this section, unless the State or local educational agency and the parents otherwise agree, the child shall remain in the then-current educational placement of such child, or, if	j) MAINTENANCE OF CURRENT EDUCATIONAL PLACEMENT- Except as provided in subsection (k)(4), during the pendency of any proceedings conducted pursuant to this section, unless the State or local educational agency and the parents otherwise agree, the child shall remain in the then-current educational placement of the child, or, if applying for initial admission to a	

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applying for initial admission to a public school,	public school, shall, with the consent of the	
shall, with the consent of the parents, be	parents, be placed in the public school	
placed in the public school program until all	program until all such proceedings have been	See Informational Update 3 "Discipline of
such proceedings have been completed.	completed.	Students with Disabilities" and "Discipline
Con ((Dissipling Con CAE/In) Cids by Cids !)	See "Discipline Sec. 615(k) Side-by-Side"	Sec. 615(k) Side-by-Side" for information
See "Discipline Sec. 615(k) Side-by-Side"	for information concerning Sec. 615(k)	concerning Sec. 615(k)
for information concerning Sec. 615(k)	(I) DULLE OF CONSTRUCTION. Nothing in this	
I) Rule of construction - Nothing in this chapter	(I) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION- Nothing in this title shall be construed to restrict or limit the	
shall be construed to restrict or limit the rights,	rights, procedures, and remedies available	
procedures, and remedies available under the	under the Constitution, the Americans with	
Constitution, the Americans with Disabilities	Disabilities Act of 1990, title V of the	
Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.), title V of	Rehabilitation Act of 1973, or other Federal	
the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 790	laws protecting the rights of children with	
et seq.), or other Federal laws protecting the	disabilities, except that before the filing of a	
rights of children with disabilities, except that	civil action under such laws seeking relief that	
before the filing of a civil action under such	is also available under this part, the	
laws seeking relief that is also available under	procedures under subsections (f) and (g) shall	
this subchapter, the procedures under	be exhausted to the same extent as would be	
subsections (f) and (g) of this section shall be	required had the action been brought under	
exhausted to the same extent as would be	this part.	
required had the action been brought under		
this subchapter.		
	(m) TRANSFER OF PARENTAL RIGHTS AT	
(m) Transfer of parental rights at age of	AGE OF MAJORITY-	
majority (A) It is a second of the control of the c	(1) IN GENERAL- A State that receives	
(1) In general - A State that receives amounts	amounts from a grant under this part may	
from a grant under this subchapter may	provide that, when a child with a disability	

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provide that, when a child with a disability	reaches the age of majority under State law	
reaches the age of majority under State law	(except for a child with a disability who has	
(except for a child with a disability who has	been determined to be incompetent under	
been determined to be incompetent under	State law)	
State law) -	(A) the agency shall provide any notice	
(A) the public agency shall provide any notice	required by this section to both the individual	
required by this section to both the individual	and the parents;	
and the parents;	(B) all other rights accorded to parents under	
(B) all other rights accorded to parents under	this part transfer to the child;	
this subchapter transfer to the child;	(C) the agency shall notify the individual and	
(C) the agency shall notify the individual and	the parents of the transfer of rights; and	
the parents of the transfer of rights; and	(D) all rights accorded to parents under this	
(D) all rights accorded to parents under this	part transfer to children who are incarcerated	
subchapter transfer to children who are	in an adult or juvenile Federal, State, or local	
incarcerated in an adult or juvenile Federal,	correctional institution.	
State, or local correctional institution	(2) SPECIAL RULE- If, under State law, a child	
(2) Special rule	with a disability who has reached the age of	
If, under State law, a child with a disability who	majority under State law, who has not been	
has reached the age of majority under State	determined to be incompetent, but who is	
law, who has not been determined to be	determined not to have the ability to provide	
incompetent, but who is determined not to	informed consent with respect to the	
have the ability to provide informed consent	educational program of the child, the State	
with respect to the educational program of the	shall establish procedures for appointing the	
child, the State shall establish procedures for	parent of the child, or if the parent is not	
appointing the parent of the child, or if the	available, another appropriate individual, to	
parent is not available, another appropriate	represent the educational interests of the child	
individual, to represent the educational	throughout the period of eligibility of the child	
interests of the child throughout the period of	under this part.	

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eligibility of the child under this subchapter.	(n) ELECTRONIC MAIL- A parent of a child with a disability may elect to receive notices required under this section by an electronic mail (e-mail) communication, if the agency makes such option available. (o) SEPARATE COMPLAINT- Nothing in this section shall be construed to preclude a parent from filing a separate due process complaint on an issue separate from a due process complaint already filed.	